

Chromosome errors in human eggs shape natural fertility over reproductive life span

Dr. Jenny Gruhn, PhD

Assistant Professor, Hoffmann Laboratory

Center for Chromosome Stability, University of Copenhagen

Belgian Society for Reproductive Medicine (BSRM)

45th Scientific Meeting



Publication

Chromosome errors in human eggs shape natural fertility over reproductive life span

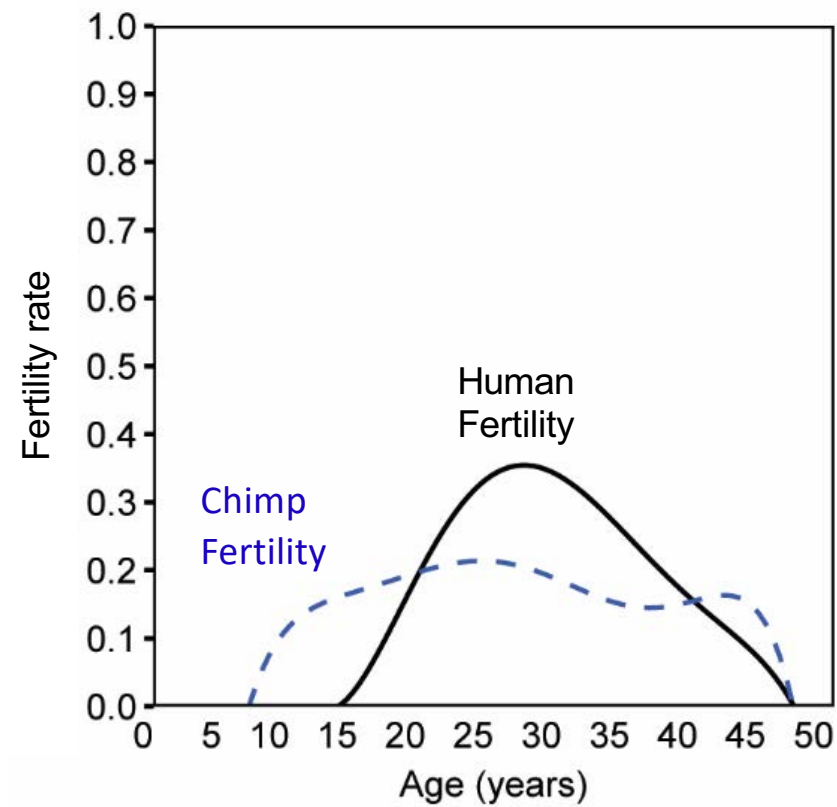
By Jennifer R. Gruhn, Agata P. Zielinska, Vallari Shukla, Robert Blanshard, Antonio Capalbo, Danilo Cimadomo, Dmitry Nikiforov, Andrew Chi-Ho Chan, Louise J. Newnham, Ivan Vogel, Catello Scarica, Marta Krapchev, Deborah Taylor, Stine Gry Kristensen, Junping Cheng, Erik Ernst, Anne-Mette Bay Bjørn, Lotte Berdiin Colmorn, Martyn Blayney, Kay Elder, Joanna Liss, Geraldine Hartshorne, Marie Louise Grøndahl, Laura Rienzi, Filippo Ubaldi, Rajiv McCoy, Krzysztof Lukaszuk, Claus Yding Andersen, Melina Schuh, Eva R. Hoffmann

Distinct types of chromosomal errors drive aneuploidy in human oocytes in an age-dependent manner.

Science 27 Sep 2019: Vol. 365, Issue 6460, pp. 1466-1469, DOI: 10.1126/science.aav7321

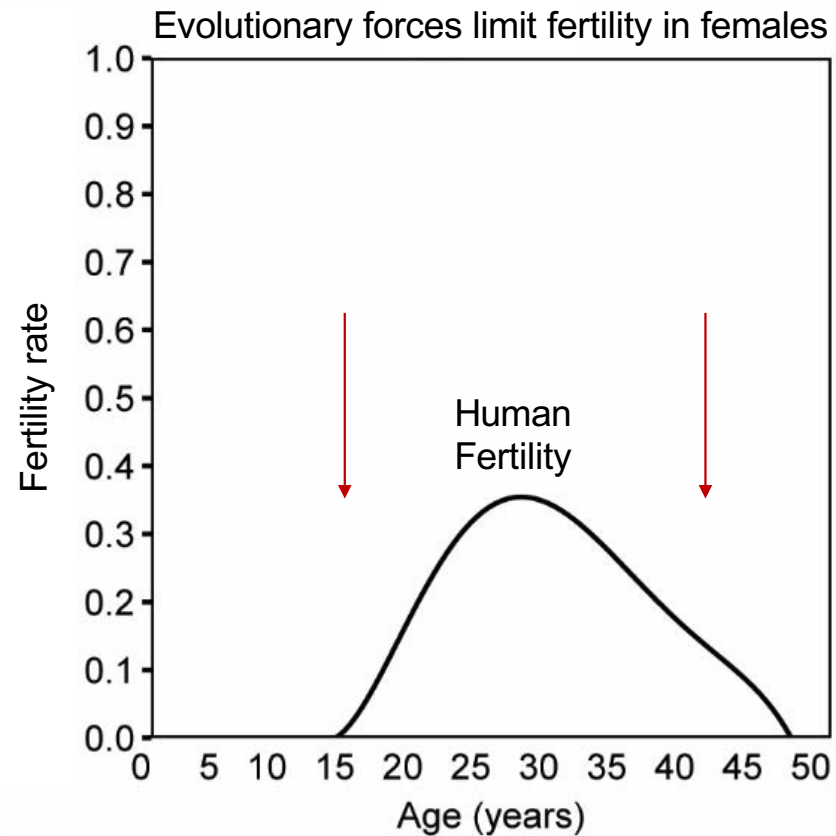
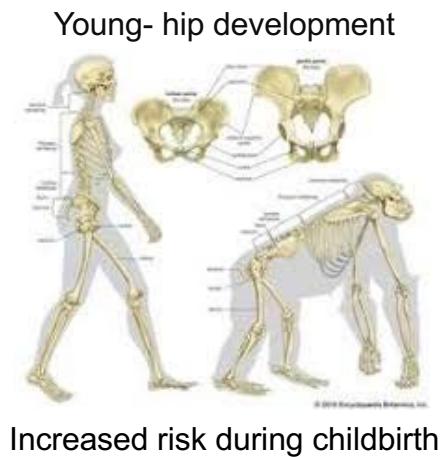
<https://science.sciencemag.org/content/365/6460/1466>

Unique natural fertility curve in humans



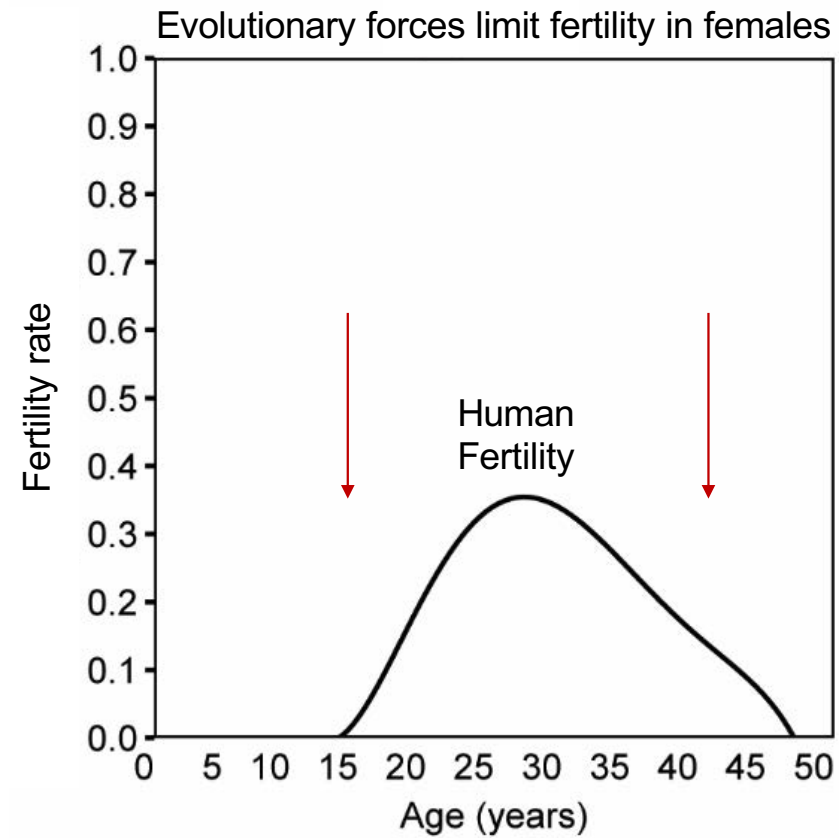
(Gruhn, Zielinska, Shukla, Blanchard, *et al.*, *Science*, 2019)

Limited fertility at both younger and advanced ages



High cost of reproducing better spent on younger generation's reproductive efforts

What mechanisms may shape this fertility curve?



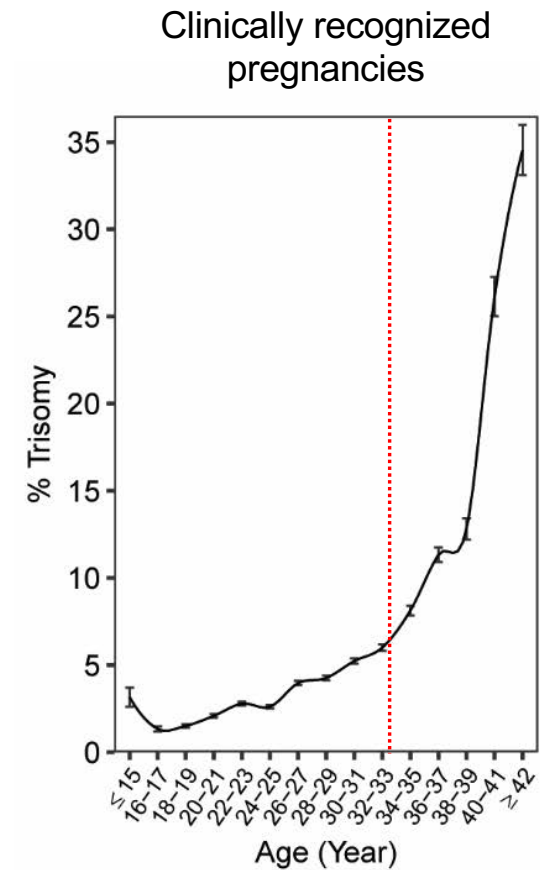
(Gruhn, Zielinska, Shukla, Blanchard, *et al.*, *Science*, 2019)

Our candidate: Chromosomal errors (aneuploidy)

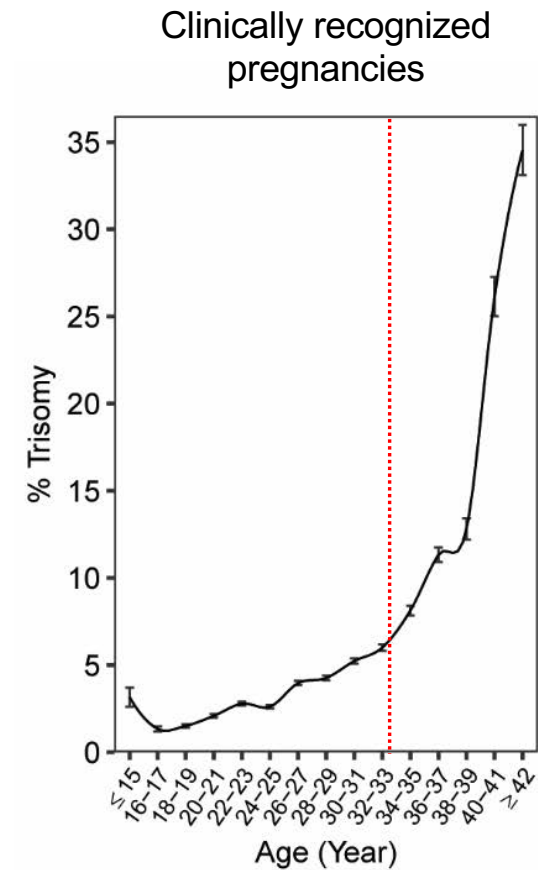
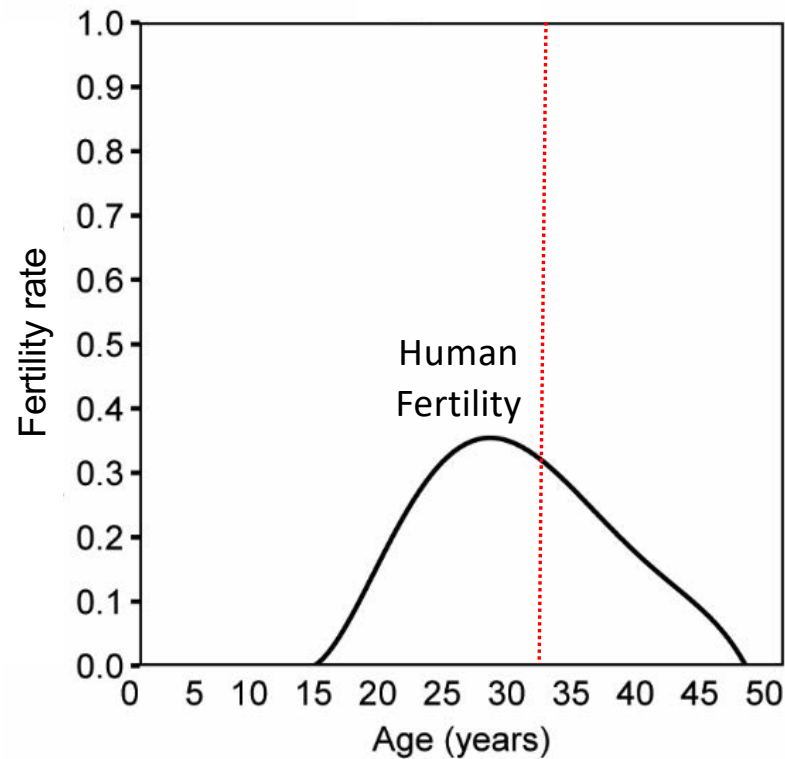


- Leading cause of pregnancy loss in humans
- 10-30% of all pregnancies are aneuploid

Our candidate: Chromosomal errors (aneuploidy)



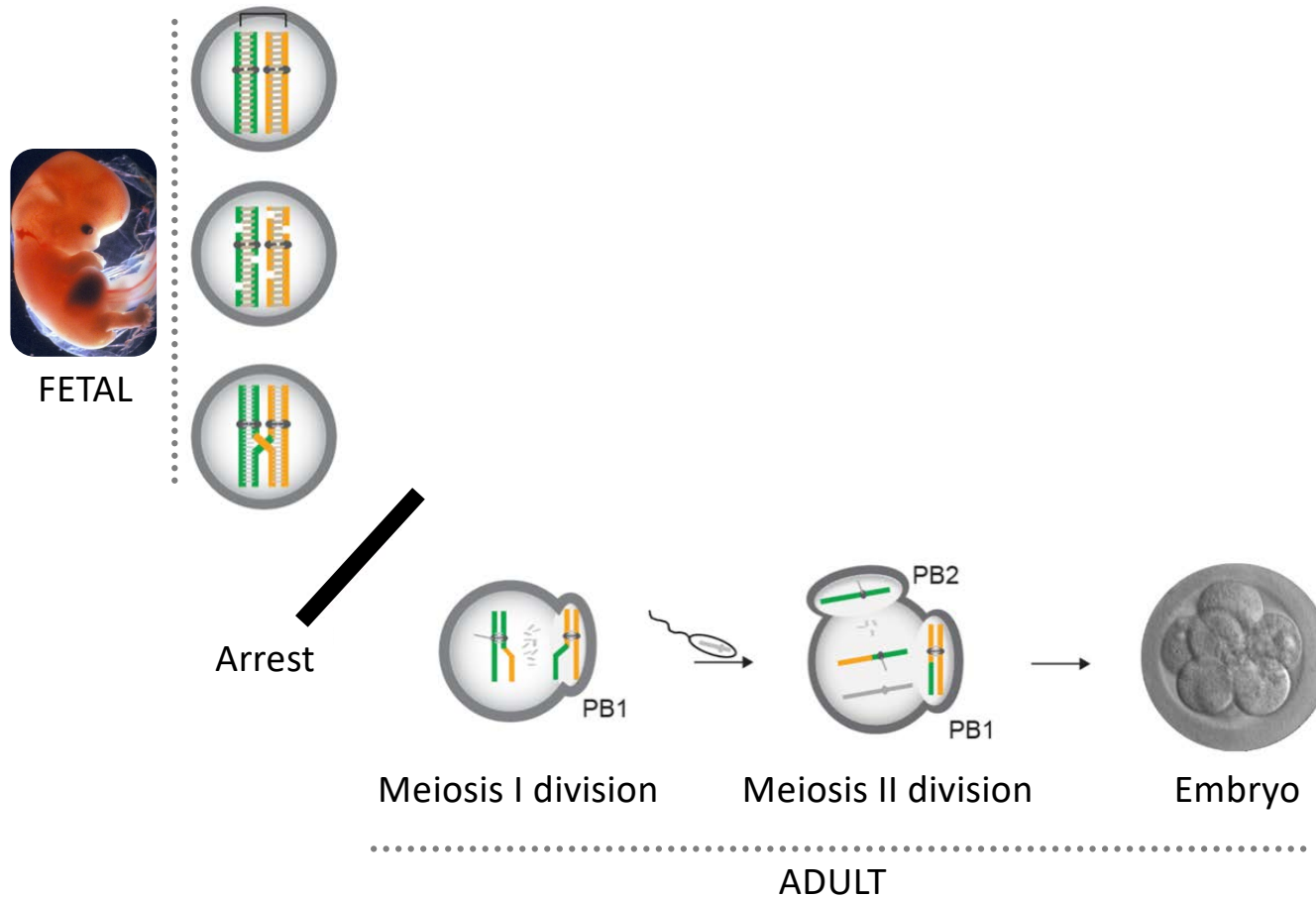
Chromosomal errors (aneuploidy) shape natural fertility in humans



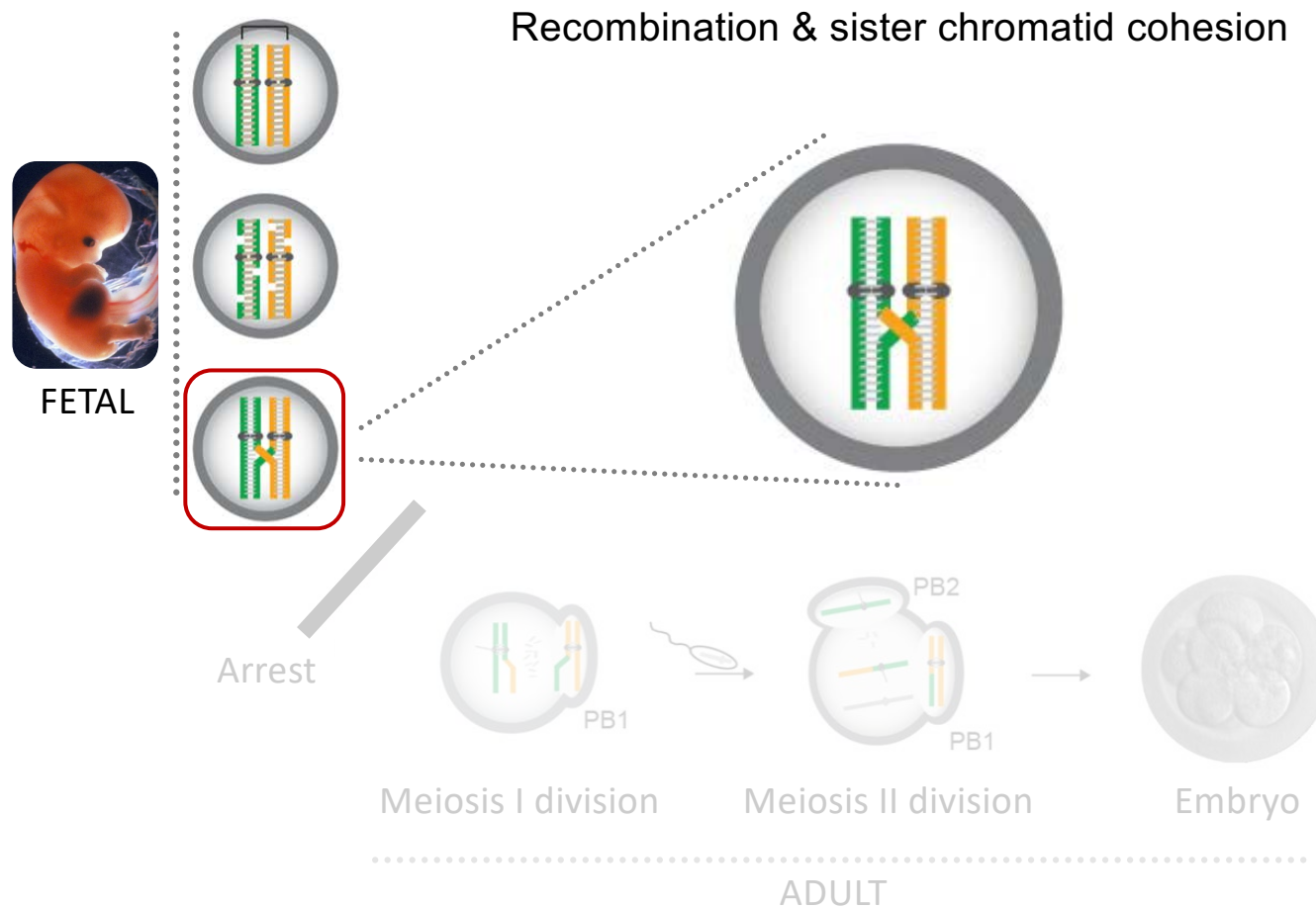
(Hassold *et al*, *Human Genetics*, 1985; Gruhn, Zielinska, Shukla, Blanchard *et al*, *Science*, 2019)

Current leading hypothesis on aneuploidy formation

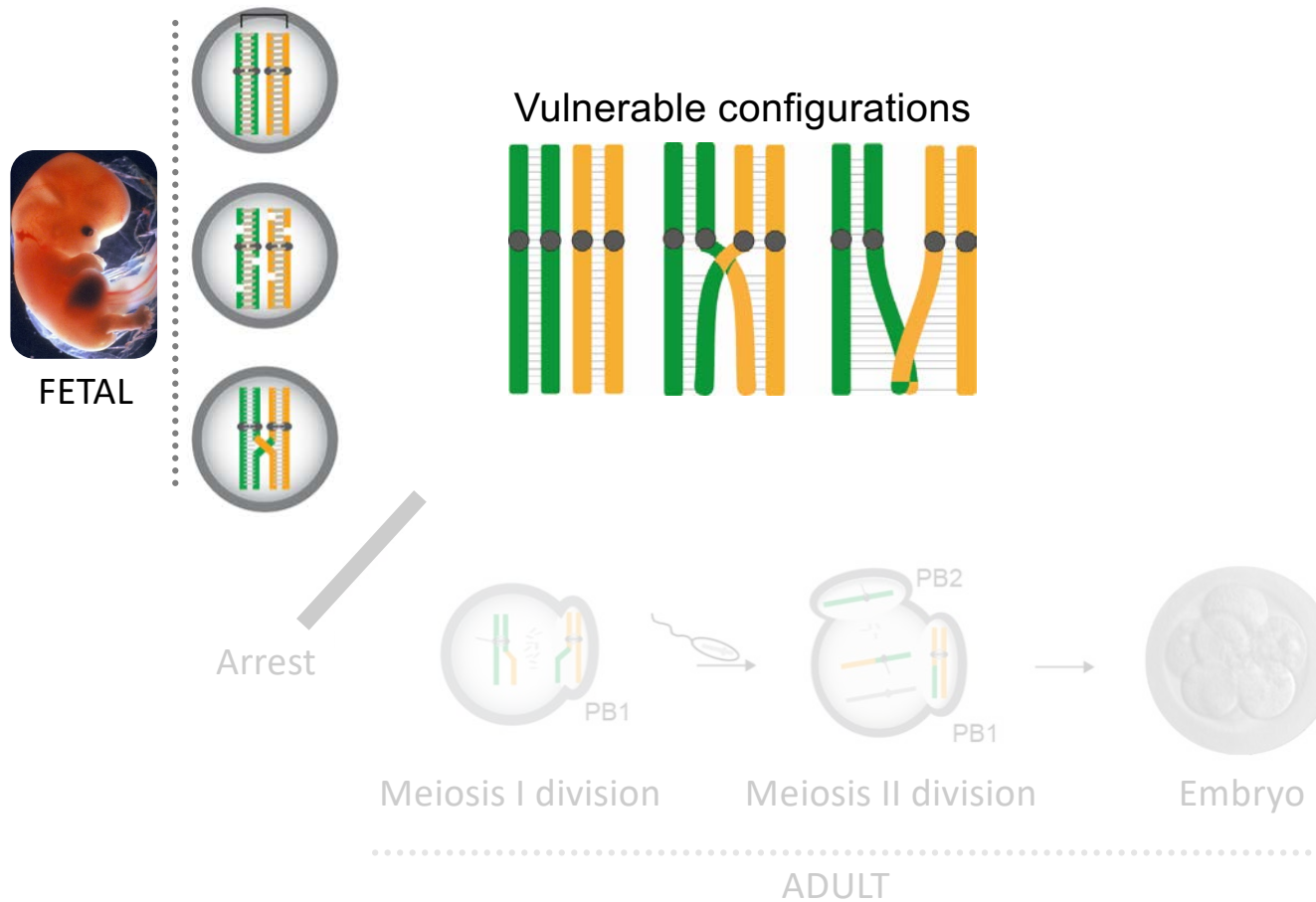
Two-hit model: Vulnerable COs and cohesion weakening



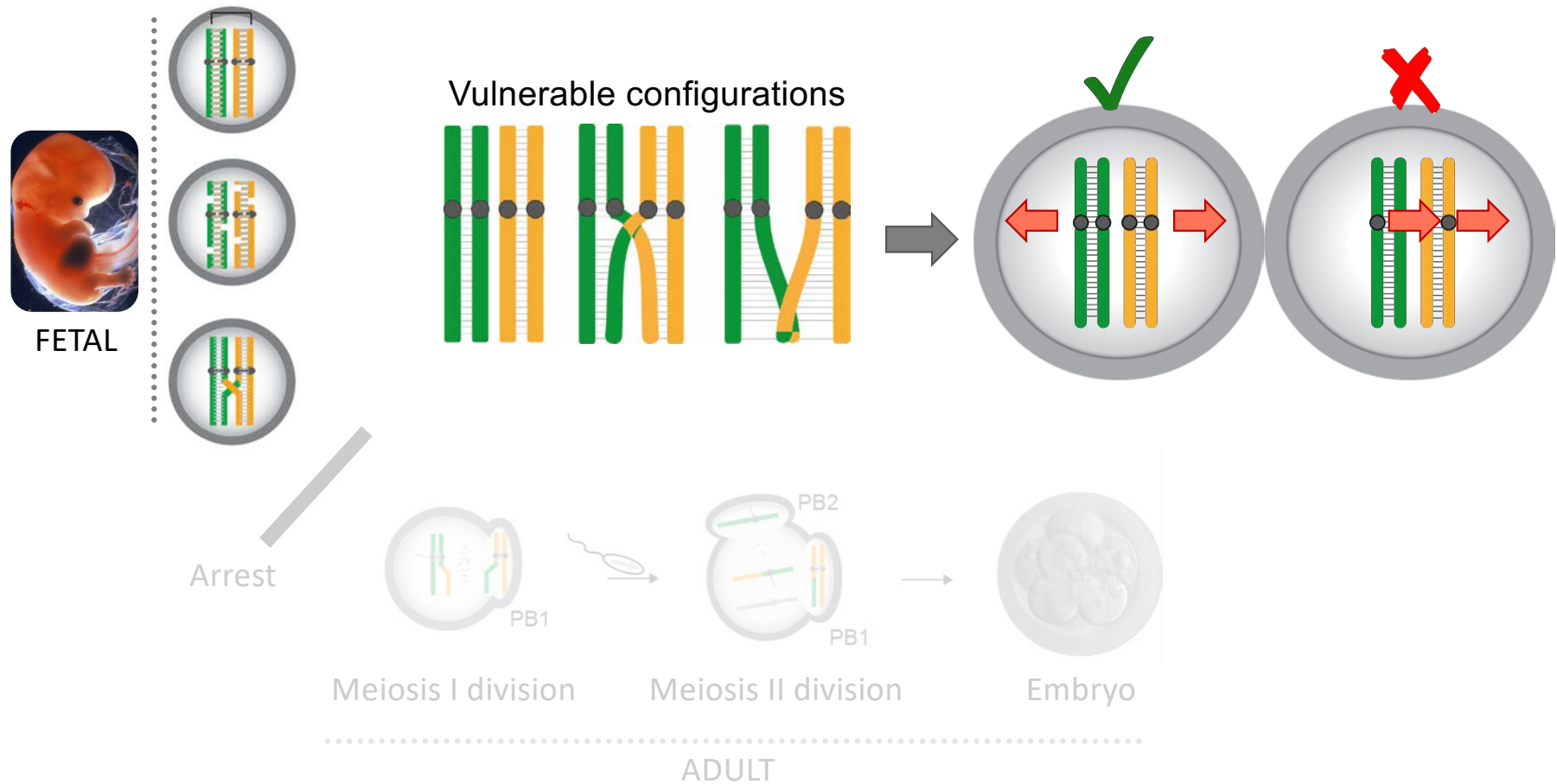
First Hit: Establishment of bivalent configuration



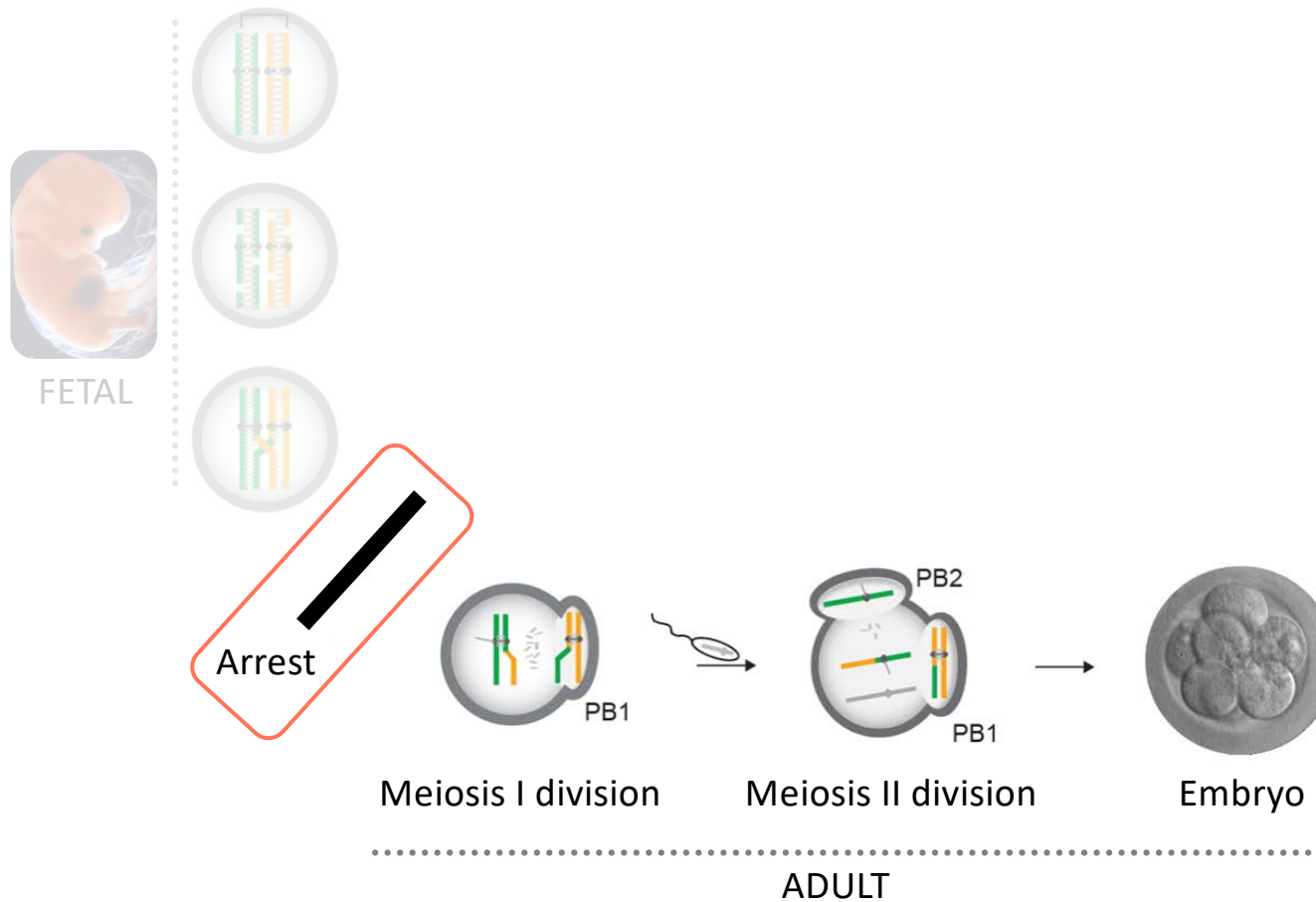
First hit: Weakened connections lead to vulnerable chromosome structures



First hit: Weakened connections lead to vulnerable chromosome structures

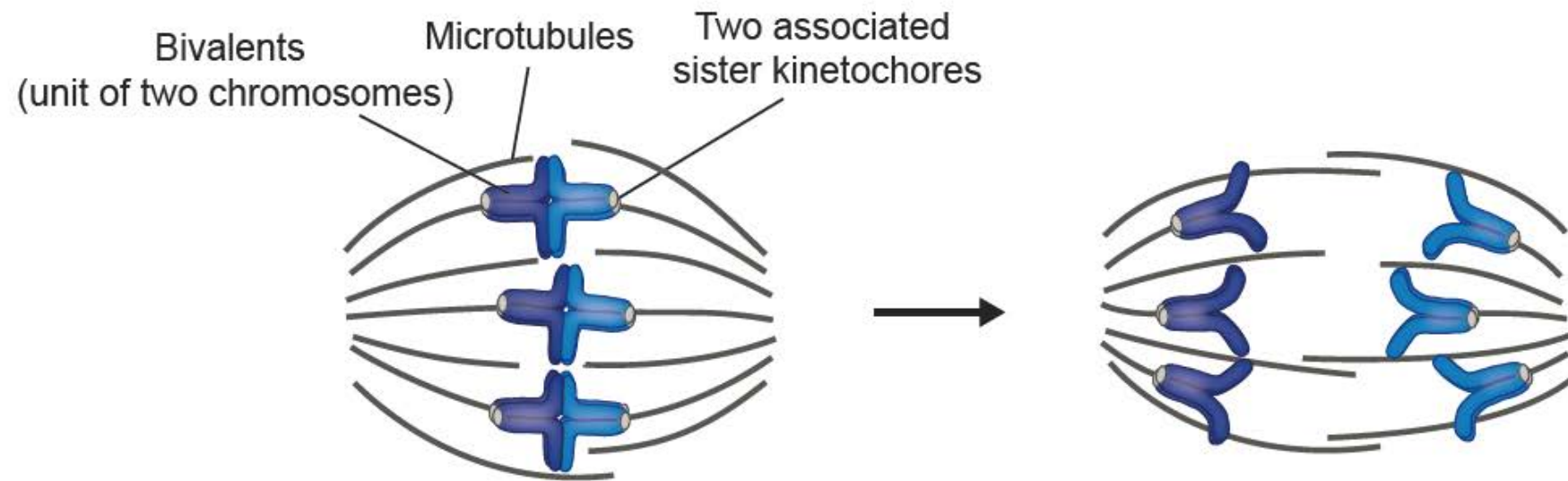


Second Hit: Cohesion deterioration during prolonged arrest stage

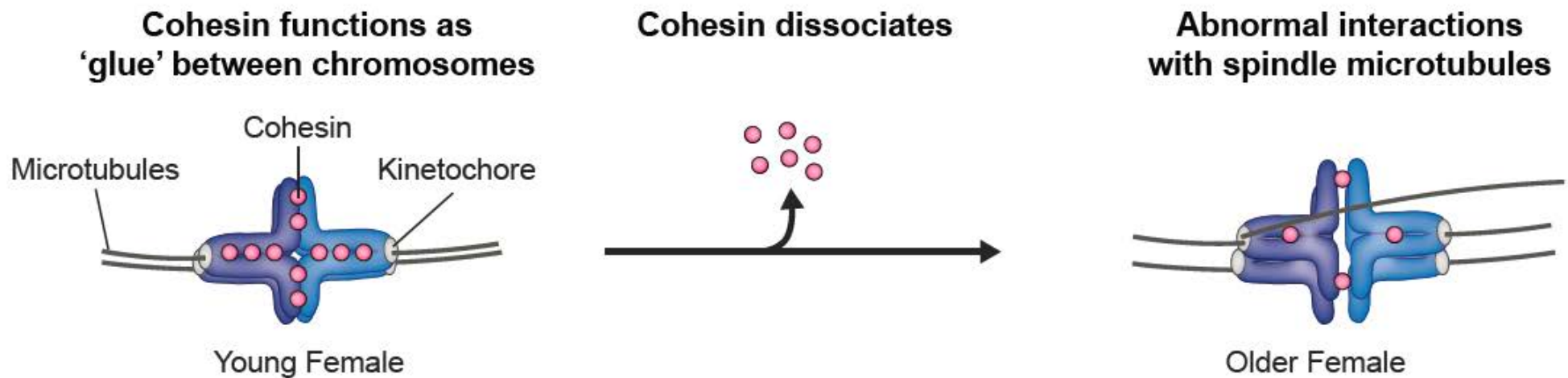


(Duncan et al, *Aging Cell*, 2012; Zielinska et al, *eLife Sciences*, 2015; Patel et al, *Hum. Reprod. Update*, 2015; Lagirand-Cantaloube et al, *Sci Rep*, 2017)

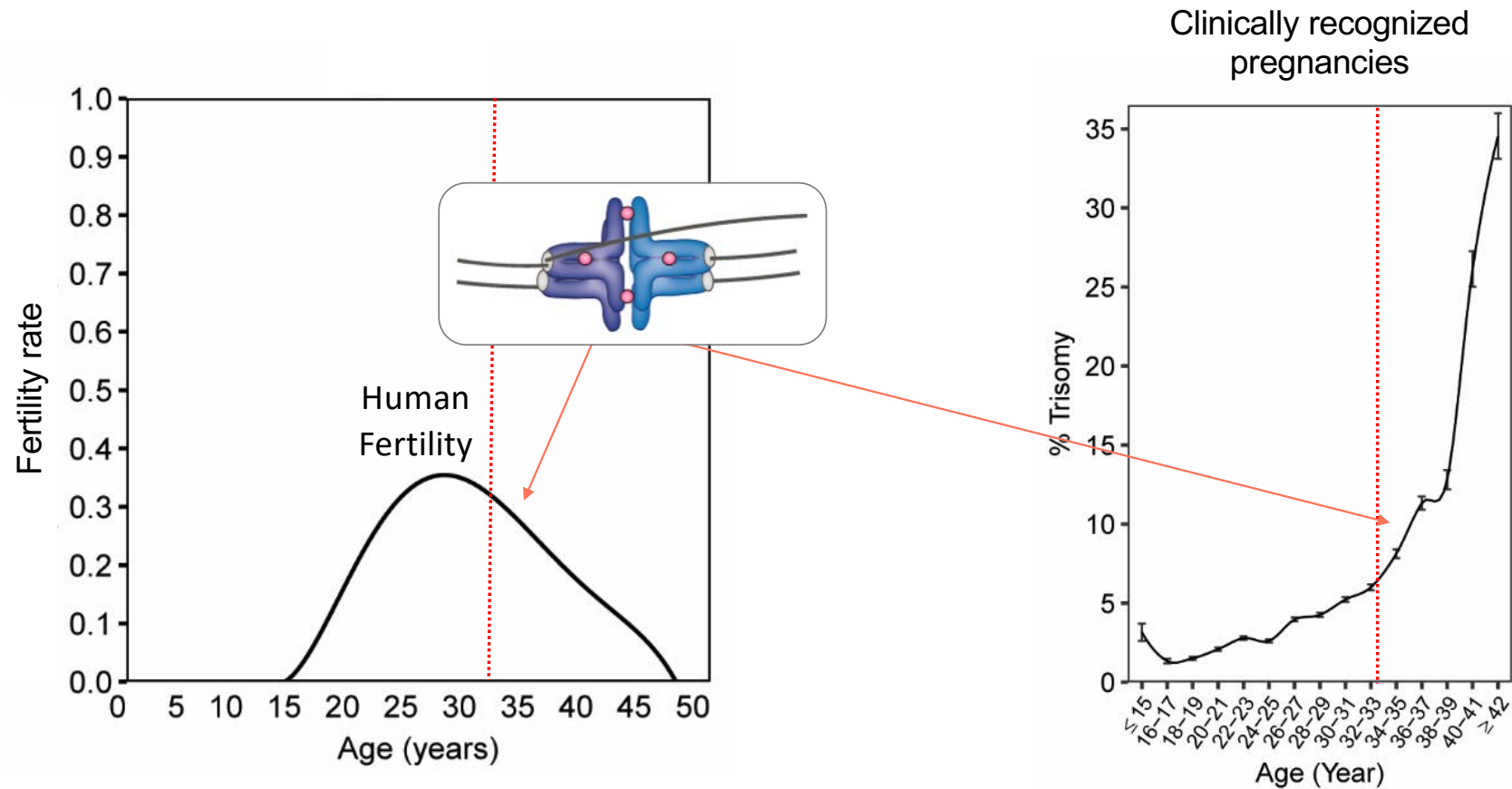
Second Hit: Cohesion deterioration during prolonged arrest stage



Second Hit: Cohesion deterioration during prolonged arrest stage

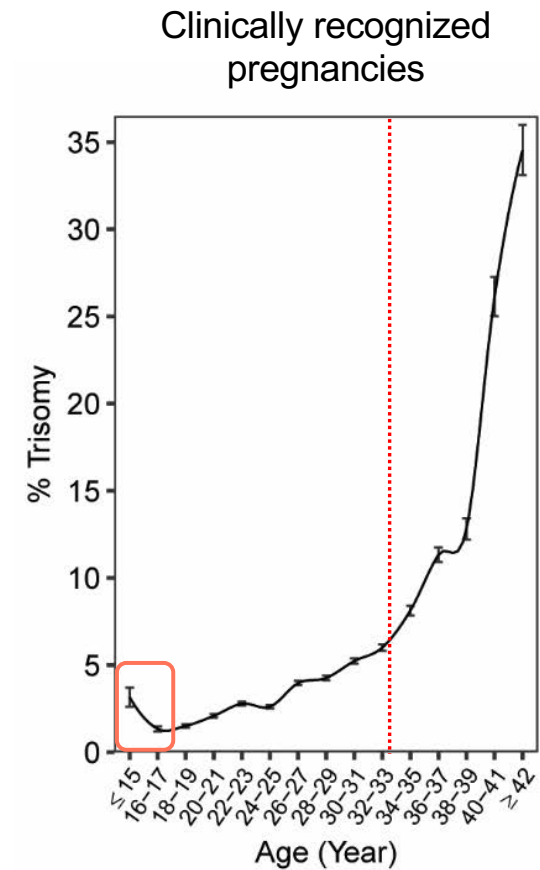
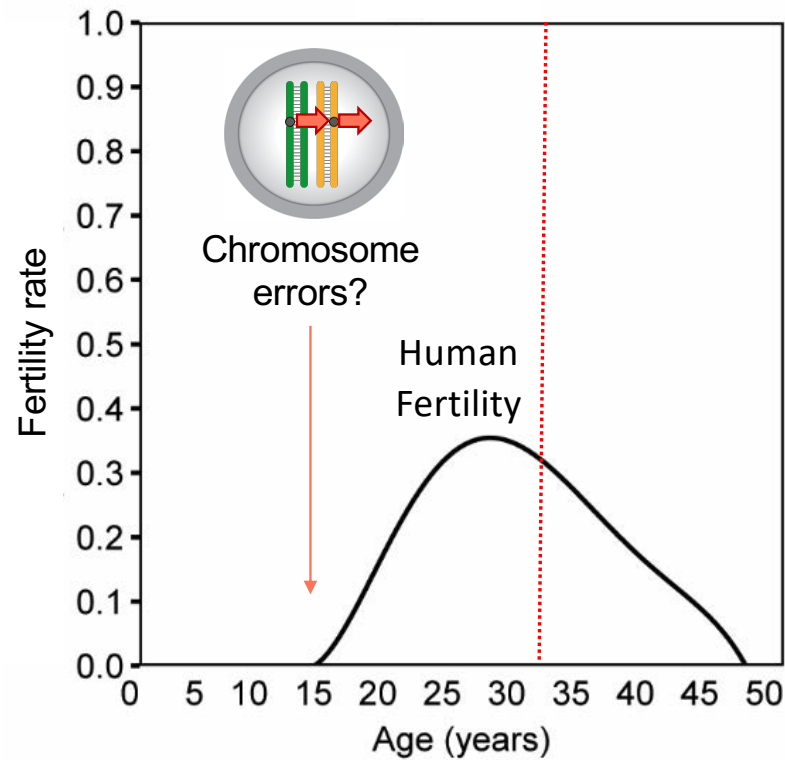


Cohesion deterioration speculated but not known: Indirect connection to segregation patterns



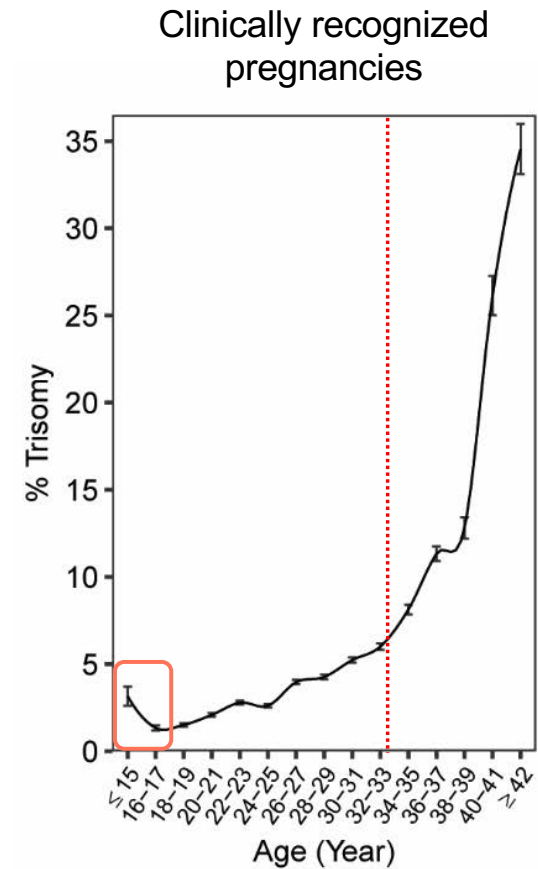
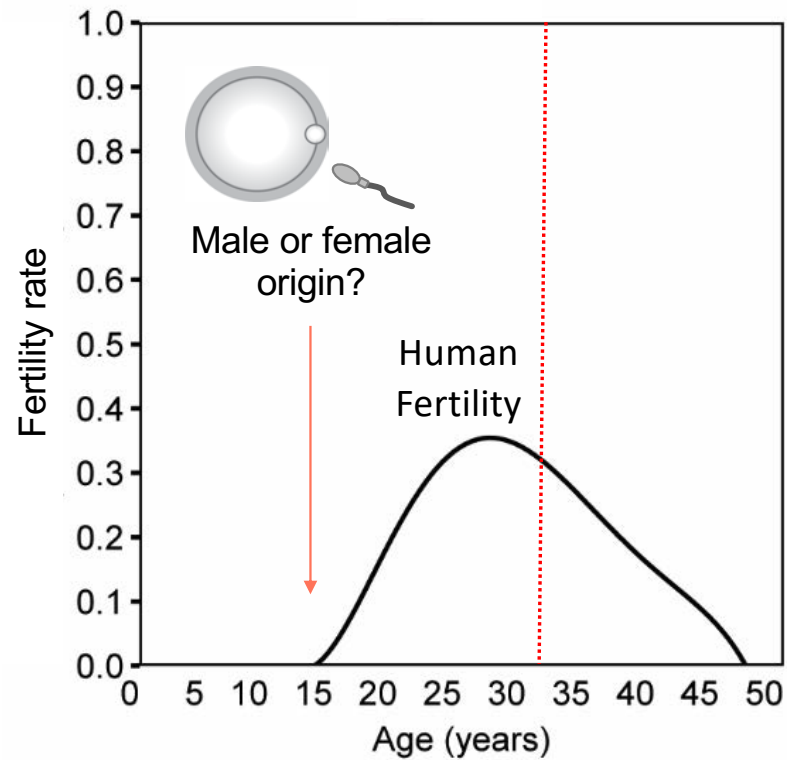
(Hassold *et al*, *Human Genetics*, 1985; Gruhn, Zielinska, Shukla, Blanchard, *et al.*, *Science*, 2019; Duncan *et al*, *Aging Cell*, 2012; Zielinska *et al*, *eLife Sciences*, 2015; Patel *et al*, *Hum. Reprod. Update*, 2015; Lagirand-Cantaloube *et al*, *Sci Rep*, 2017)

Chromosome-centric origin in young oocytes?



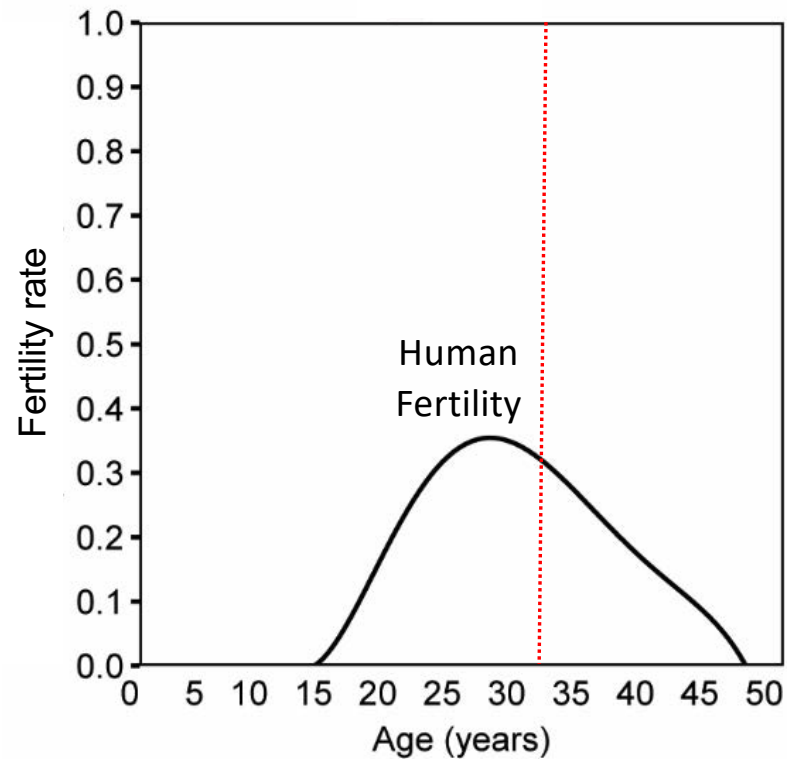
(Hassold *et al*, *Human Genetics*, 1985; Zelazowski *et al*, *Cell*, 2017; Gruhn, Zielinska, Shukla, Blanchard, *et al.*, *Science*, 2019)

Female origin in young oocytes?



(Hassold *et al*, *Human Genetics*, 1985; Zelazowski *et al*, *Cell*, 2017; Gruhn, Zielinska, Shukla, Blanchard, *et al.*, *Science*, 2019)

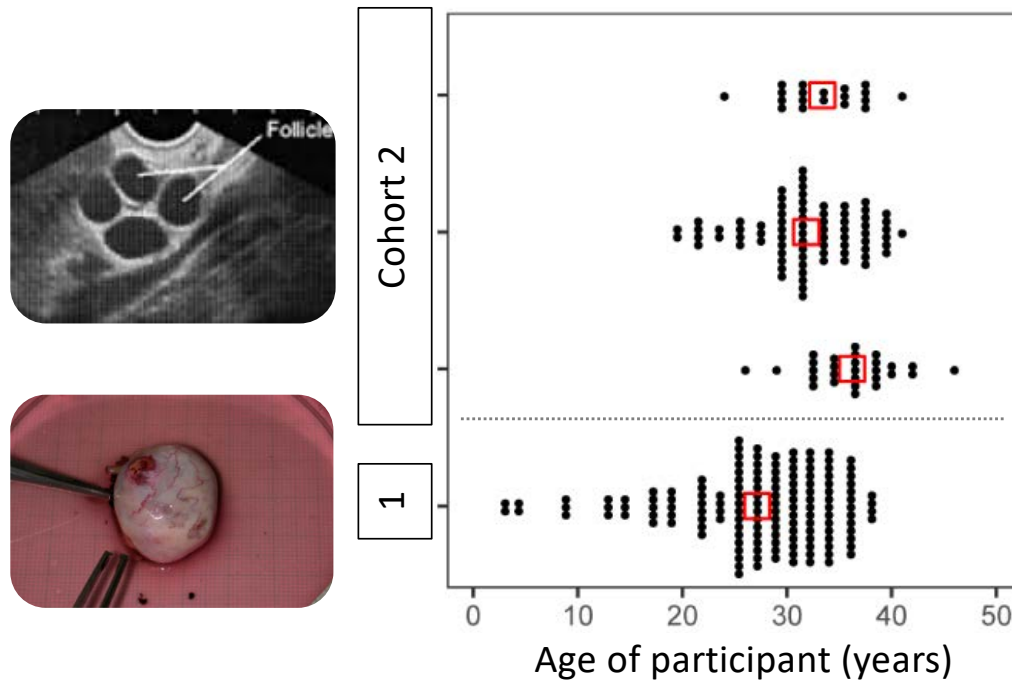
Shaping natural fertility across the whole age spectrum



- Chromosome errors in oocytes
- Age-dependent changes
- Impact on fertility

Population age range (2.5 – 42)

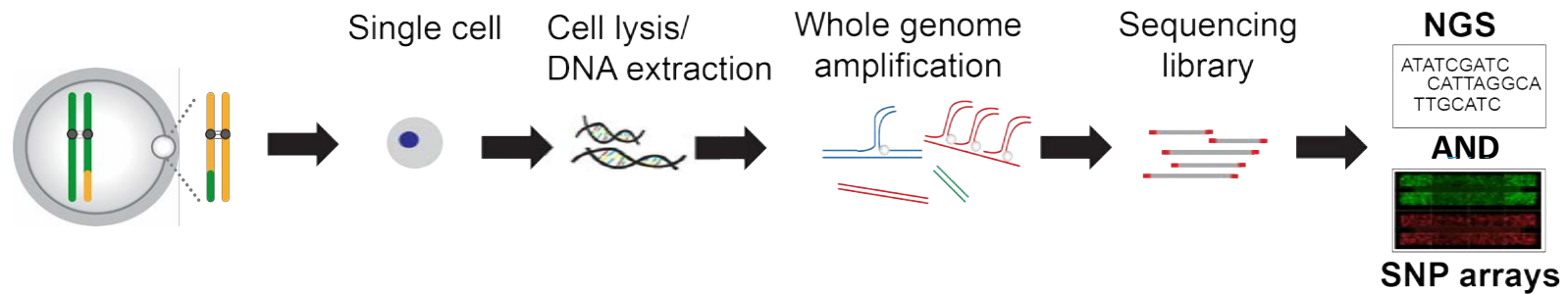
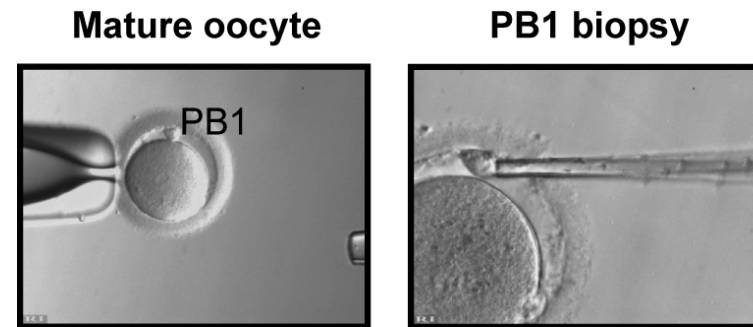
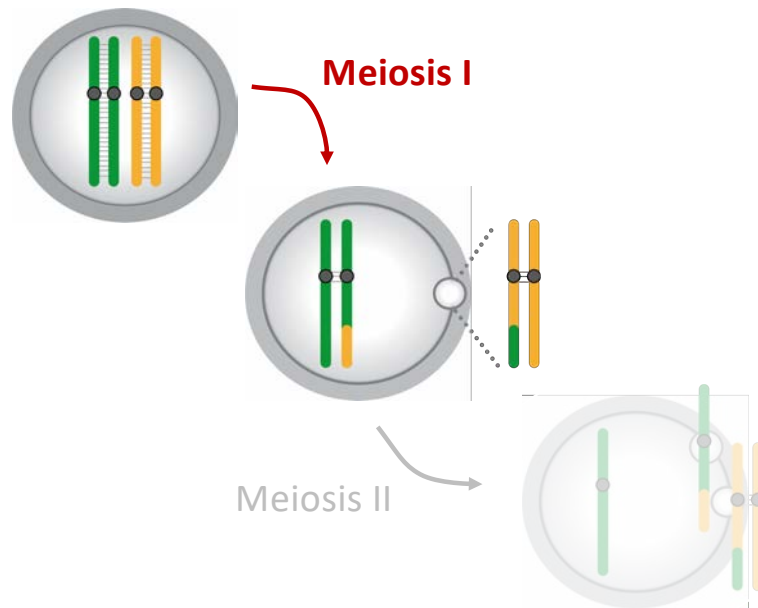
>3,000 oocytes, 256 women, 218 aneuploidy analysis



*GLM analysis shows no effect of cohort

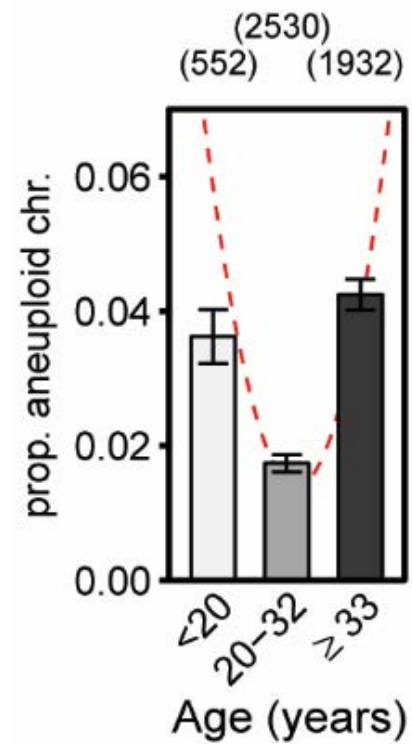
(Gruhn, Zielinska, Shukla, Blanchard, *et al.*, *Science*, 2019)

Single cell technologies to explore aneuploidy



(Blanshard *et al*, *Methods in Cell Biology*, 2018)

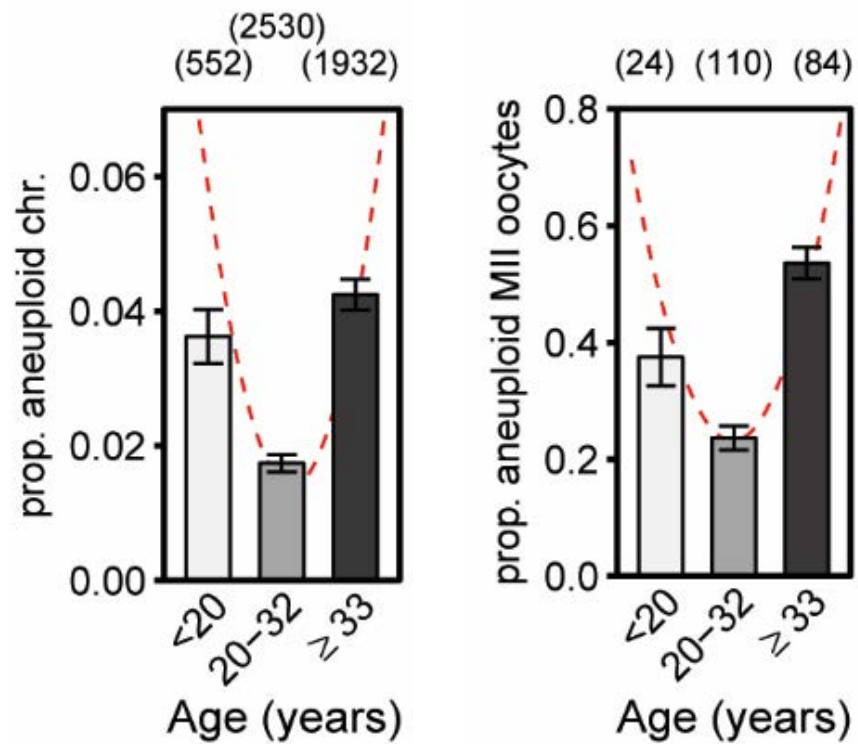
U-shaped curve of aneuploidy in oocytes



*glm analysis showed no effect of cohort

(Gruhn, Zielinska, Shukla, Blanchard, *et al.*, *Science*, 2019)

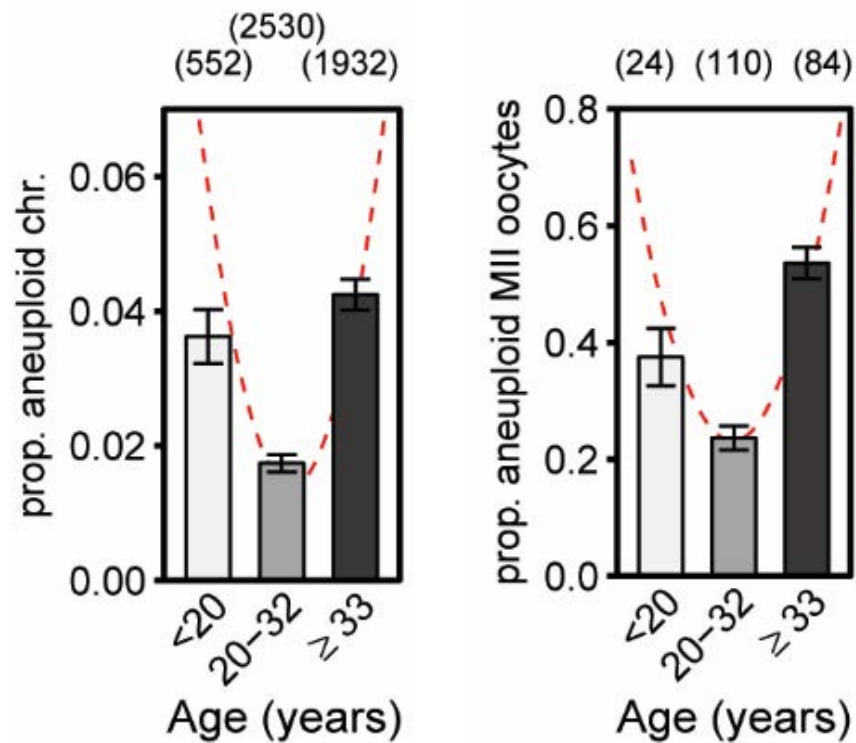
U-shaped curve of aneuploidy in oocytes



*glm analysis showed no effect of cohort

(Gruhn, Zielinska, Shukla, Blanchard, *et al.*, *Science*, 2019)

U-shaped curve of aneuploidy in oocytes

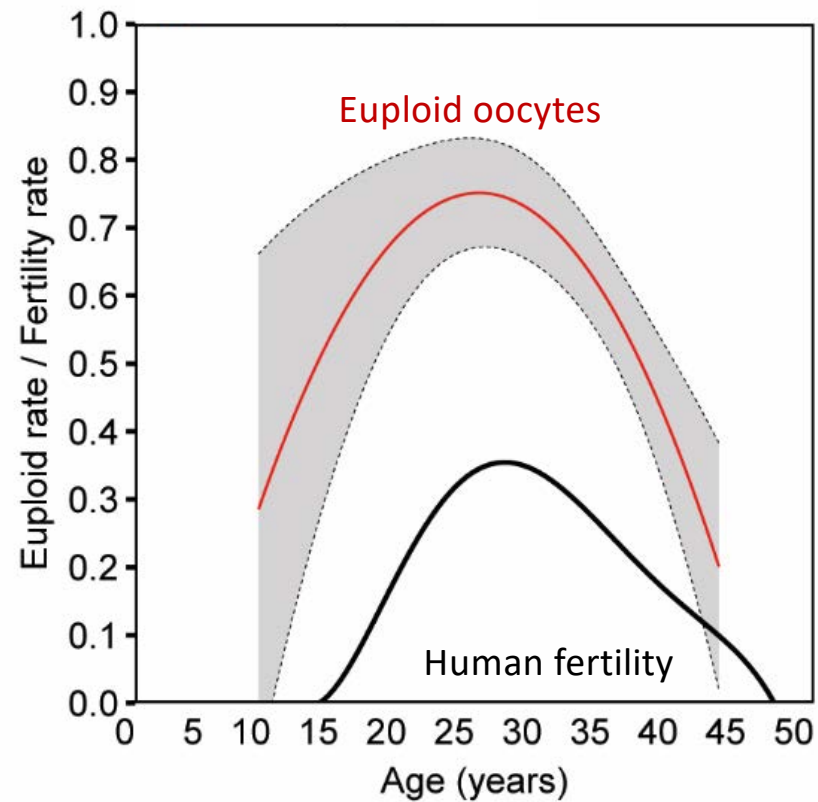


** All autosomal monosomies, and a majority of trisomies are not viable, and only a single chromosome error is needed to lead to failed implantation and/or pregnancy loss.

*glm analysis showed no effect of cohort

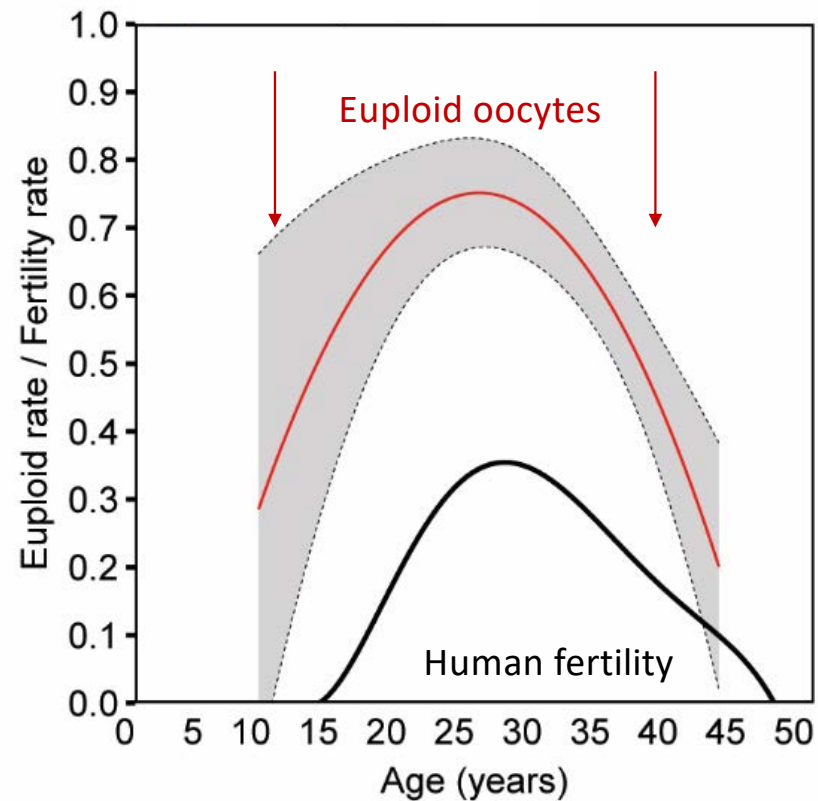
(Gruhn, Zielinska, Shukla, Blanchard, *et al.*, *Science*, 2019)

Tapered fertility in both young and older women mediated by aneuploidy



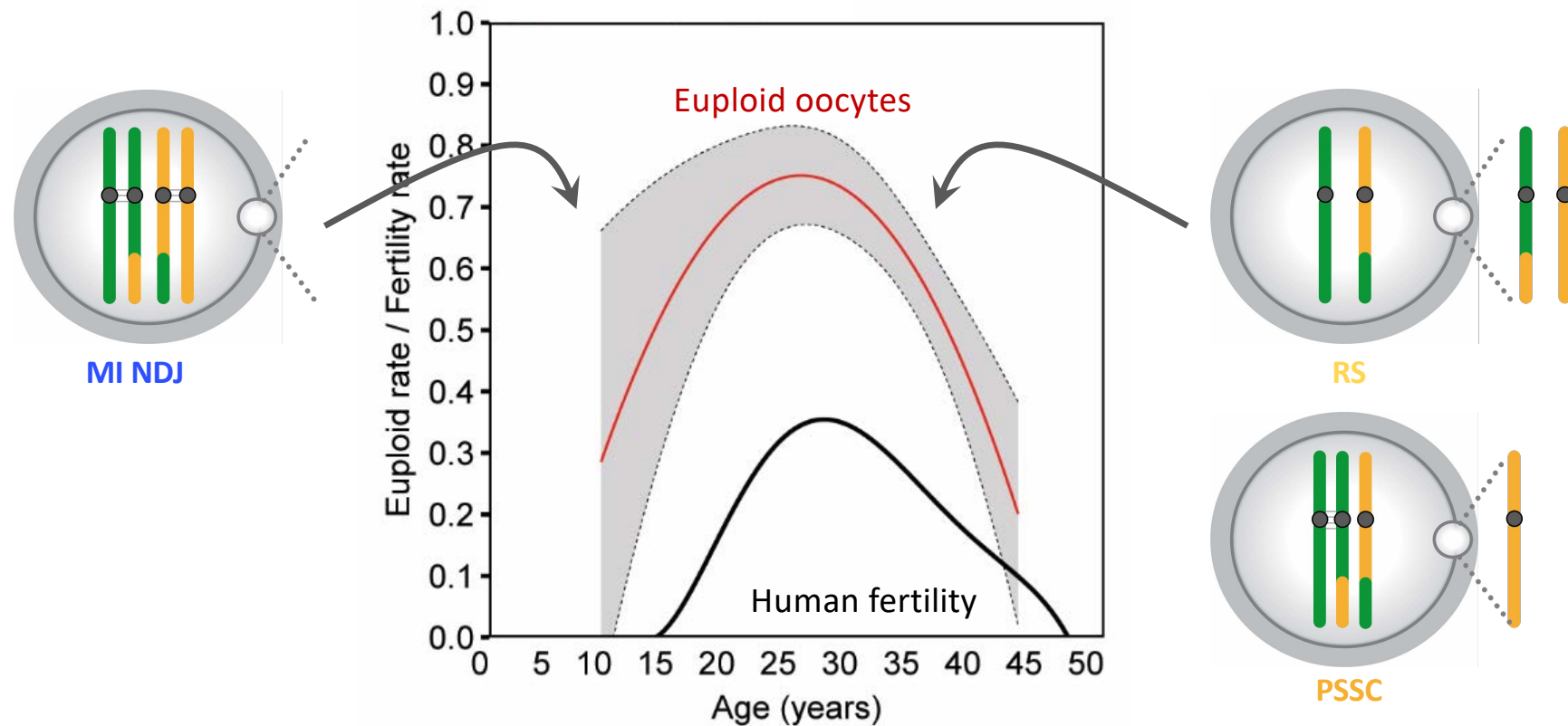
(Gruhn, Zielinska, Shukla, Blanchard, *et al.*, *Science*, 2019)

What chromosome-centric mechanism could shape both ends of the aneuploidy curve?

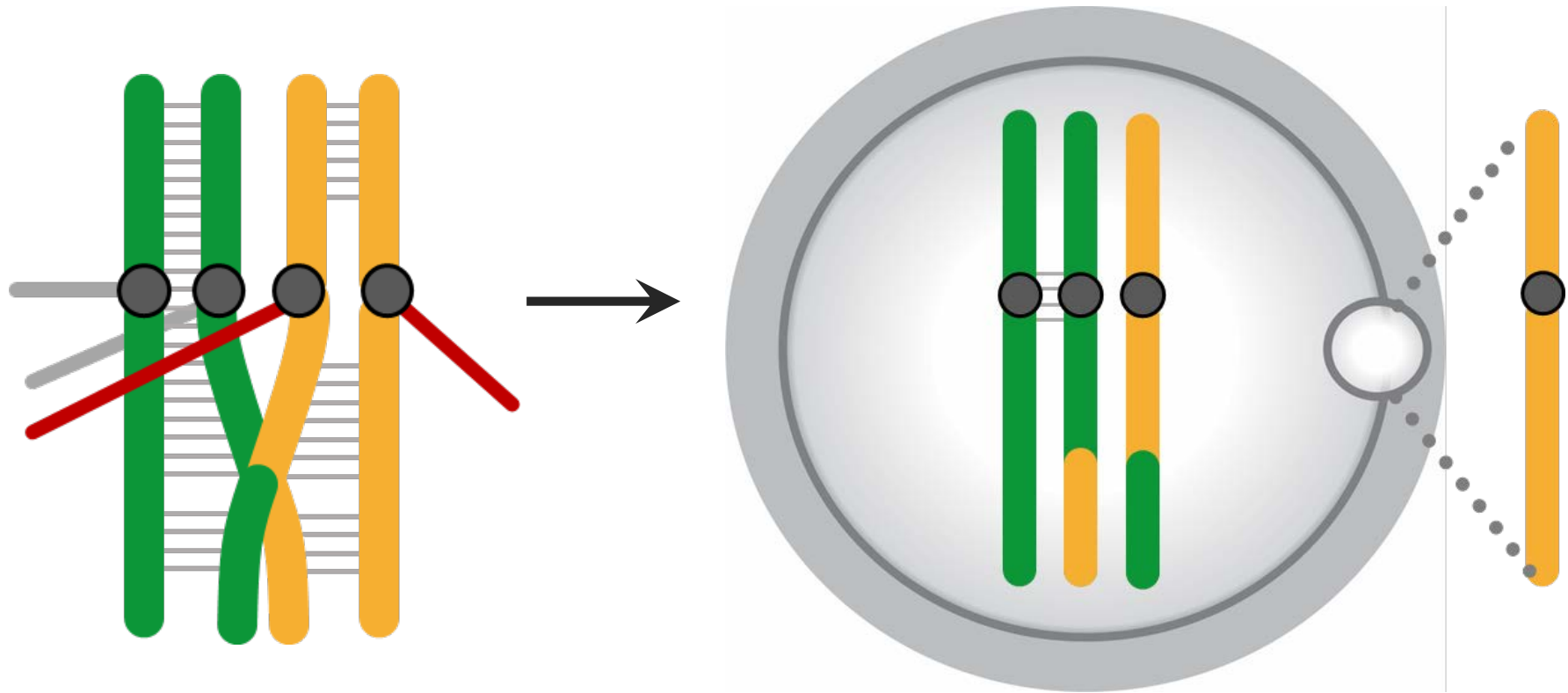


(Gruhn, Zielinska, Shukla, Blanchard, *et al.*, *Science*, 2019)

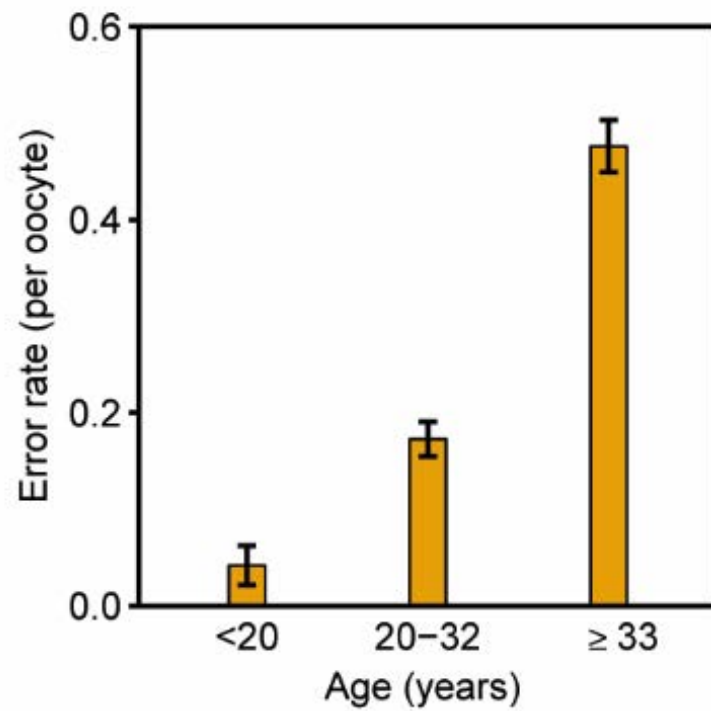
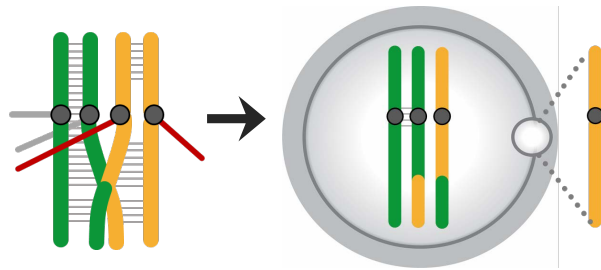
Chromosome error types drive aneuploidy in an age-dependent manner



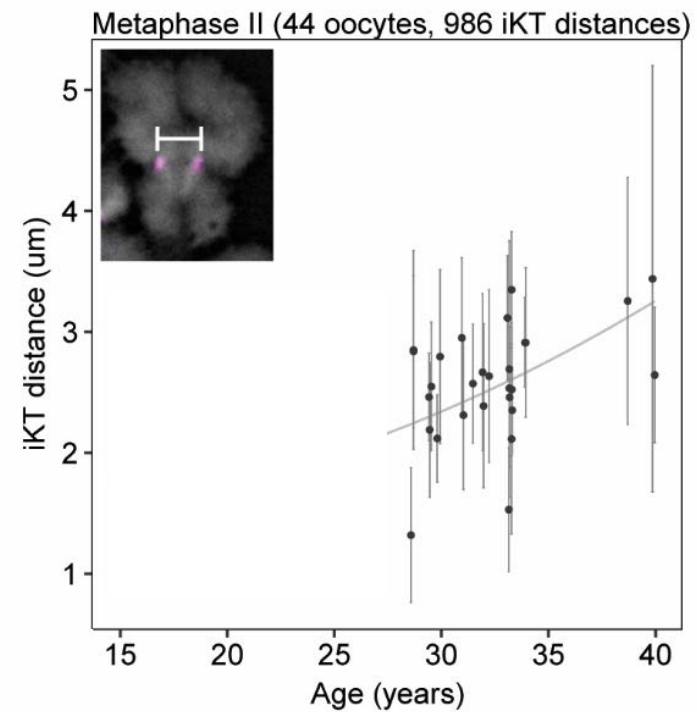
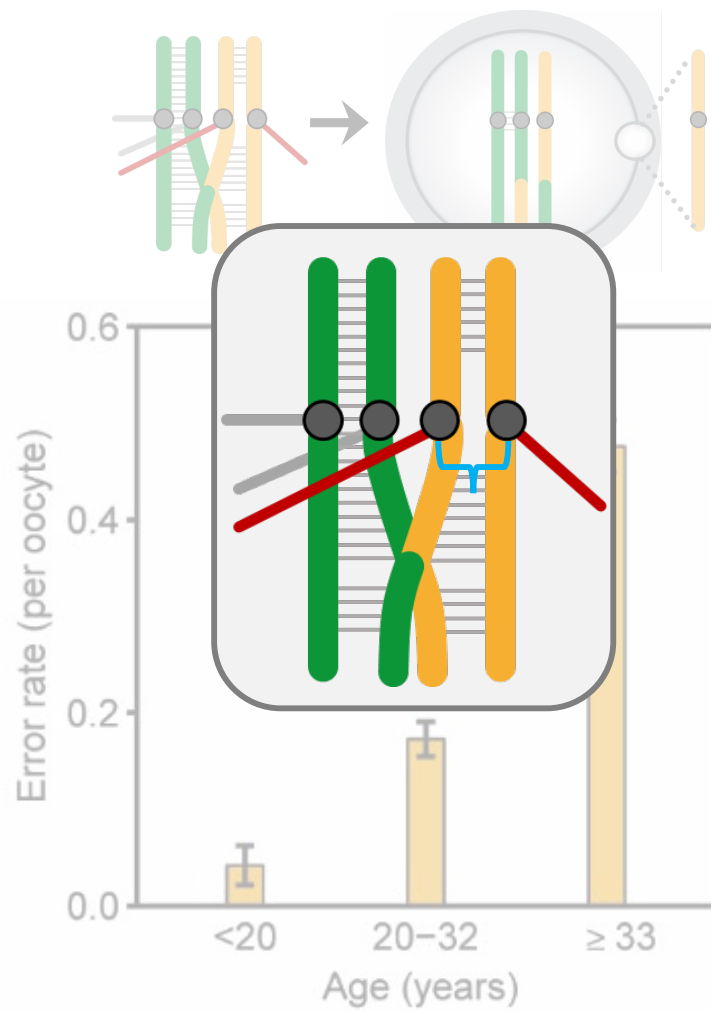
Loss of centromeric cohesion & PSSC



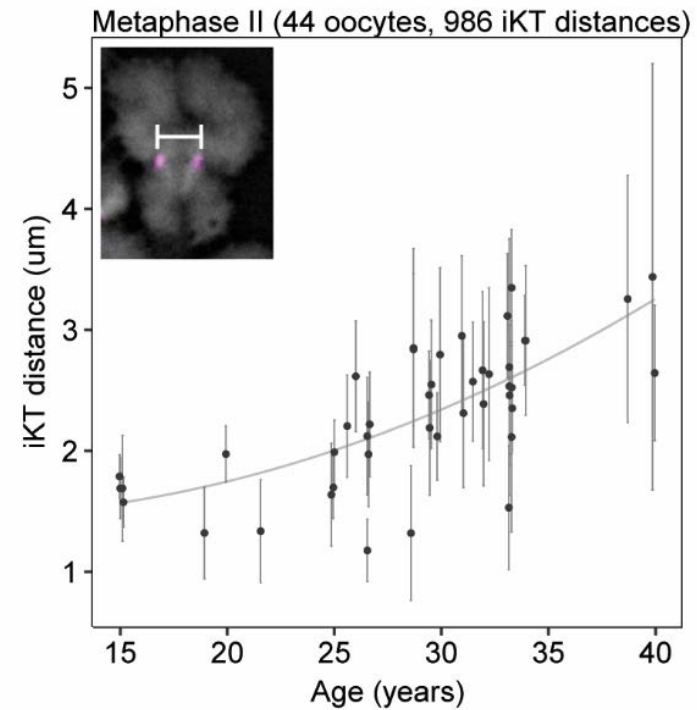
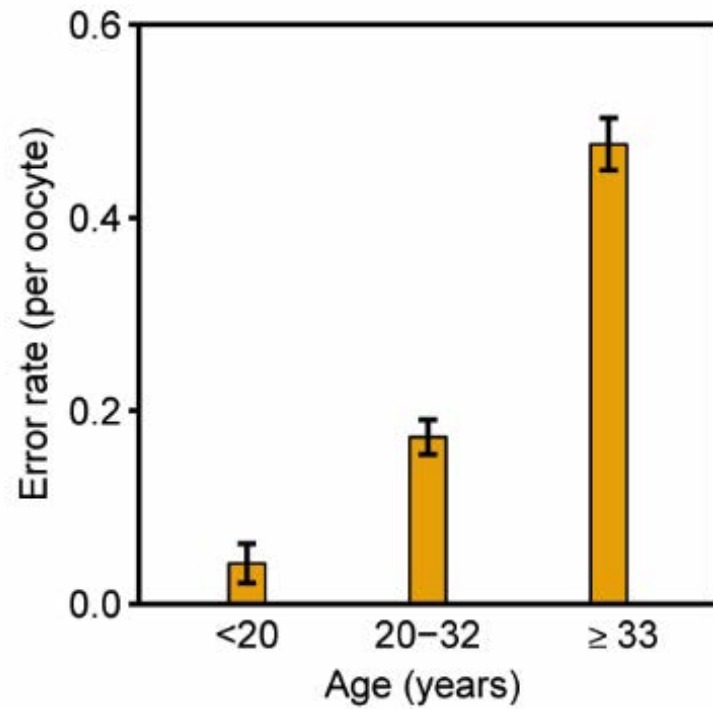
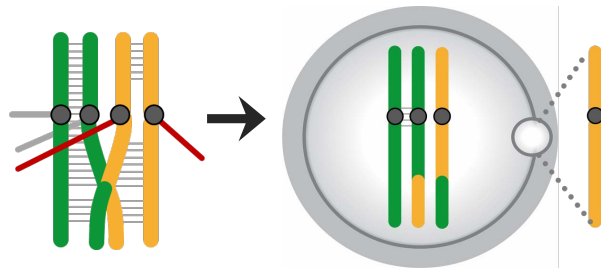
Loss of centromeric cohesion & PSSC: Linear with age



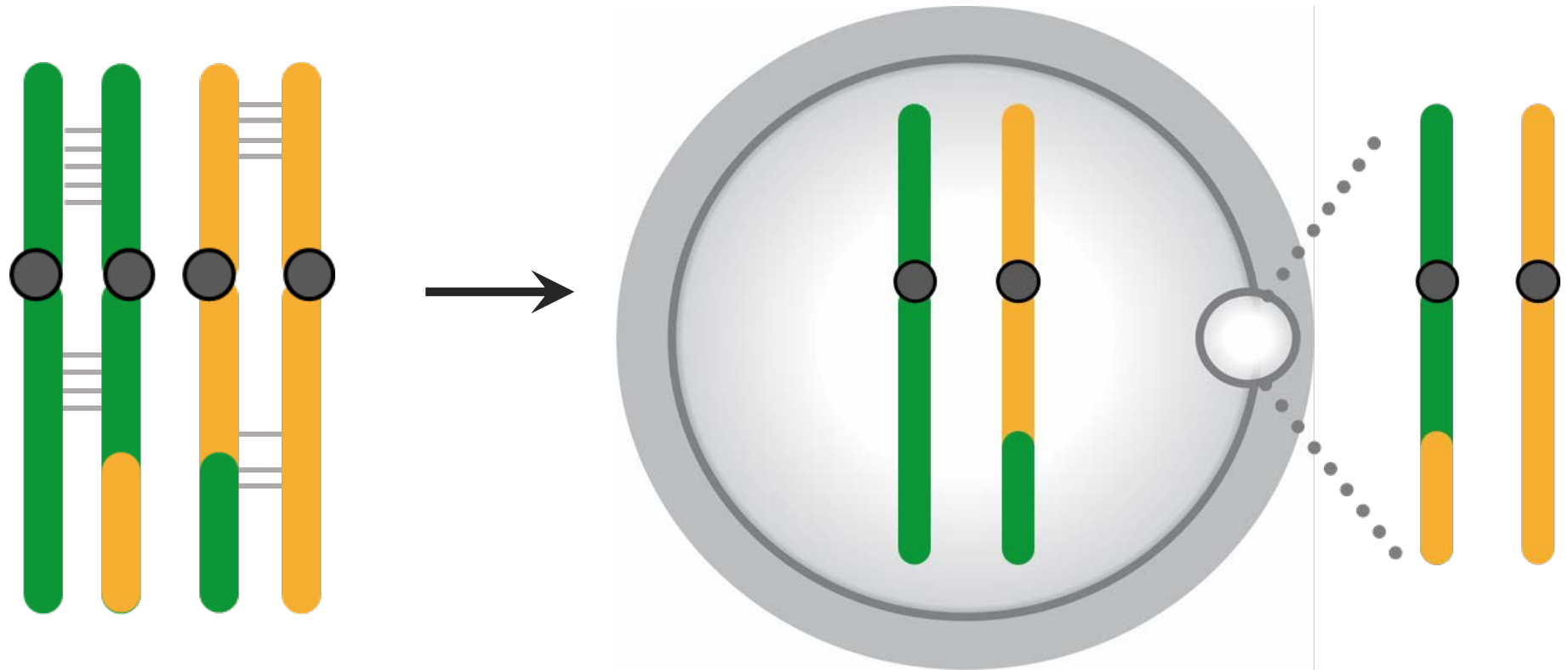
Loss of centromeric cohesion & PSSC: Linear with age



Loss of centromeric cohesion & PSSC: Linear with age

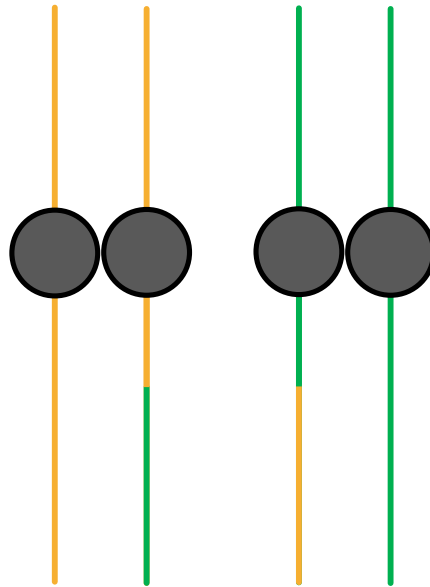


More extreme cohesion loss (centromere & arm) & Reverse Segregation



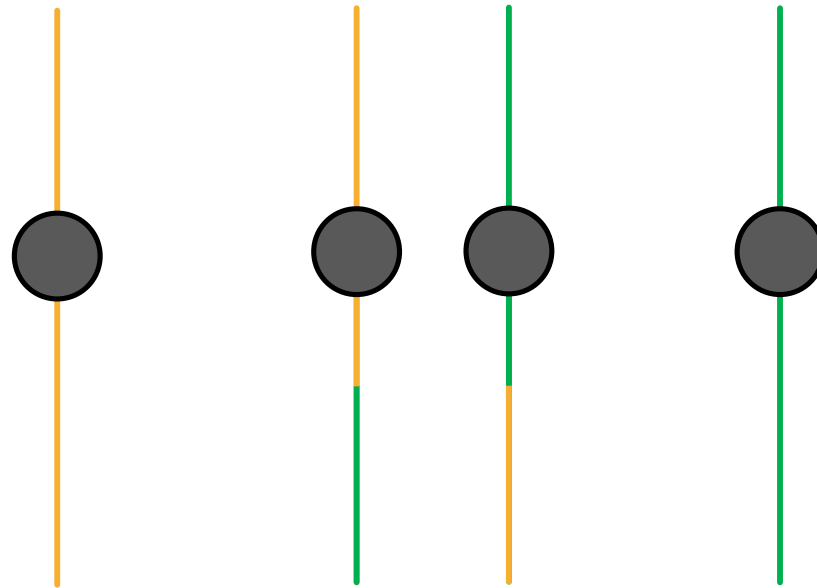
(Gruhn, Zielinska, Shukla, Blanchard, *et al.*, *Science*, 2019)

More extreme cohesion loss (centromere & arm) & Reverse Segregation



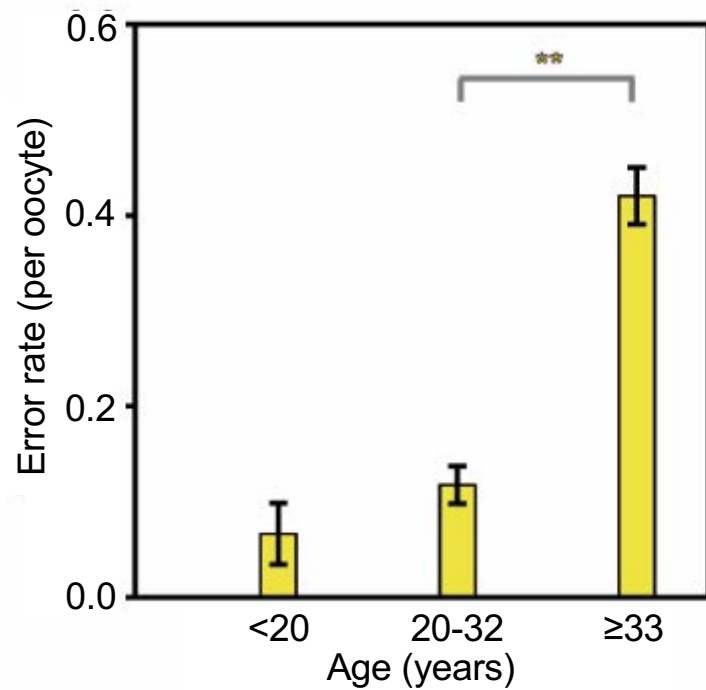
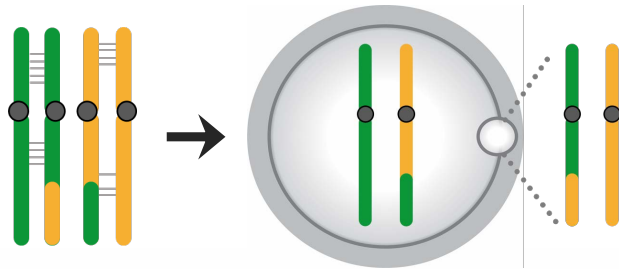
(Gruhn, Zielinska, Shukla, Blanchard, *et al.*, *Science*, 2019; Ottolini, *et al.*, 2015)

More extreme cohesion loss (centromere & arm) & Reverse Segregation

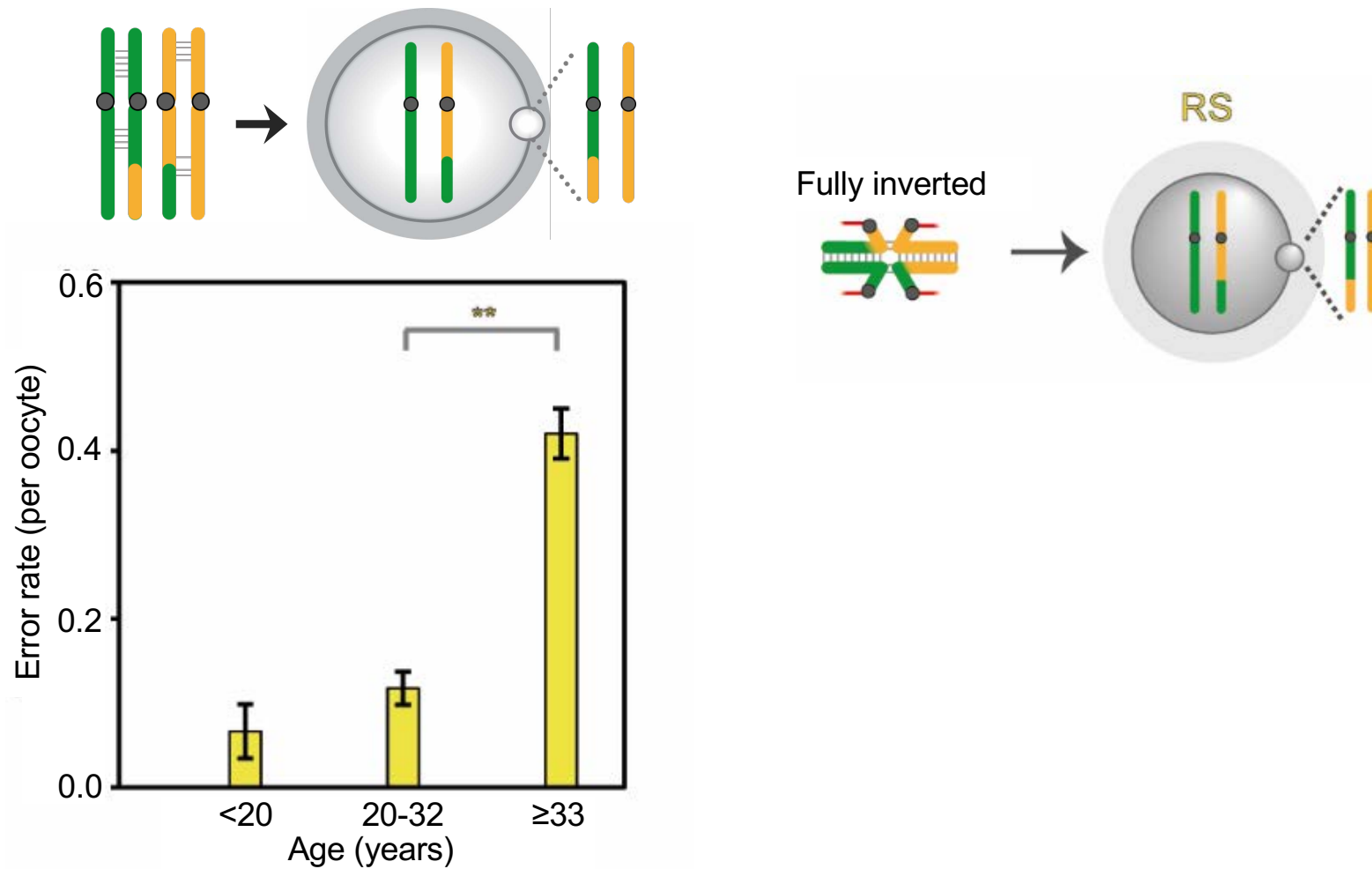


(Gruhn, Zielinska, Shukla, Blanchard, *et al.*, *Science*, 2019; Ottolini, *et al.*, 2015)

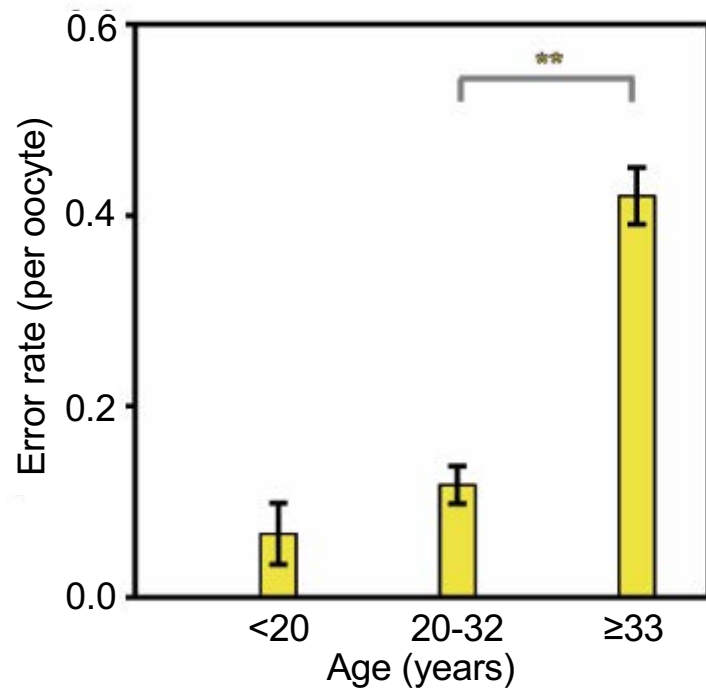
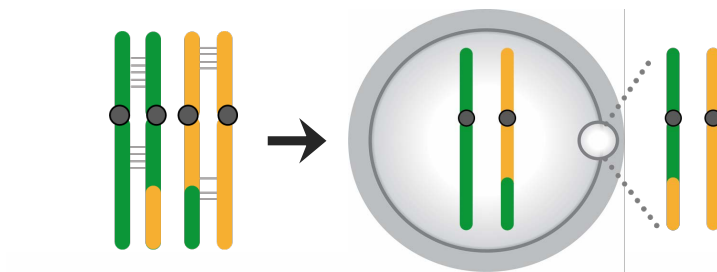
More extreme cohesion loss (centromere & arm) & Reverse Segregation: AMA



More extreme cohesion loss (centromere & arm) & Reverse Segregation: AMA



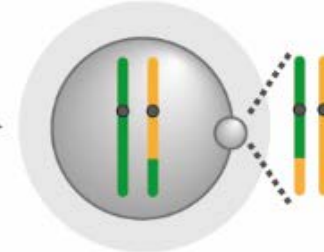
More extreme cohesion loss (centromere & arm) & Reverse Segregation: AMA



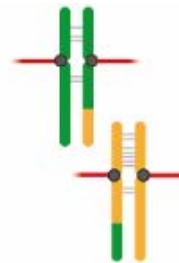
Fully inverted



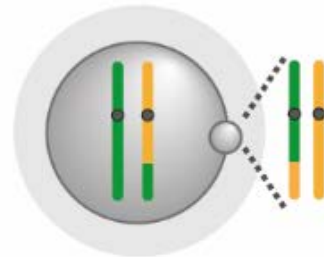
RS



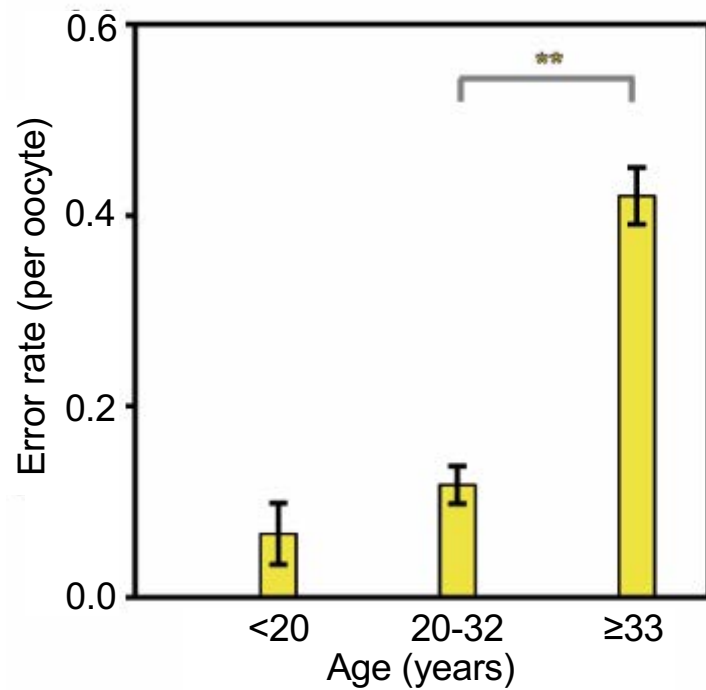
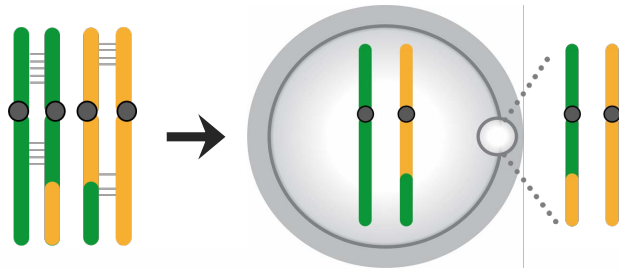
Univalents



RS



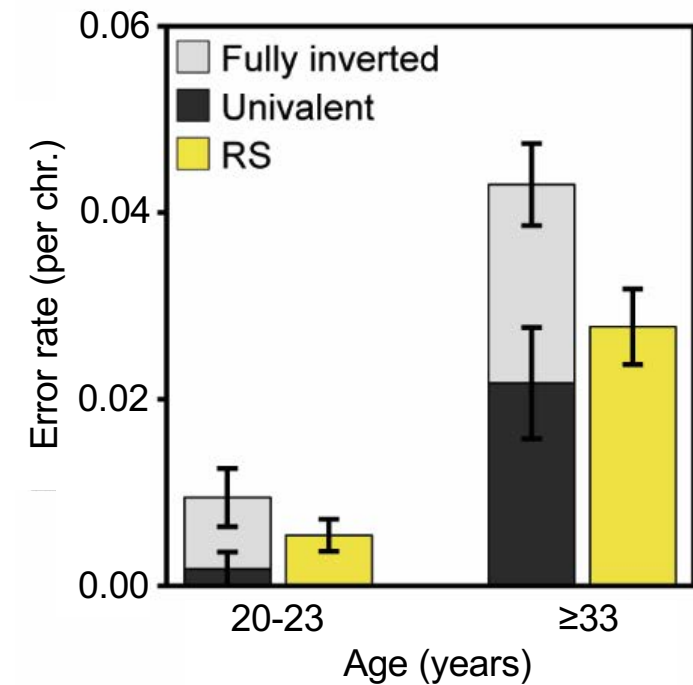
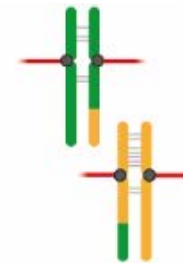
More extreme cohesion loss (centromere & arm) & Reverse Segregation: AMA



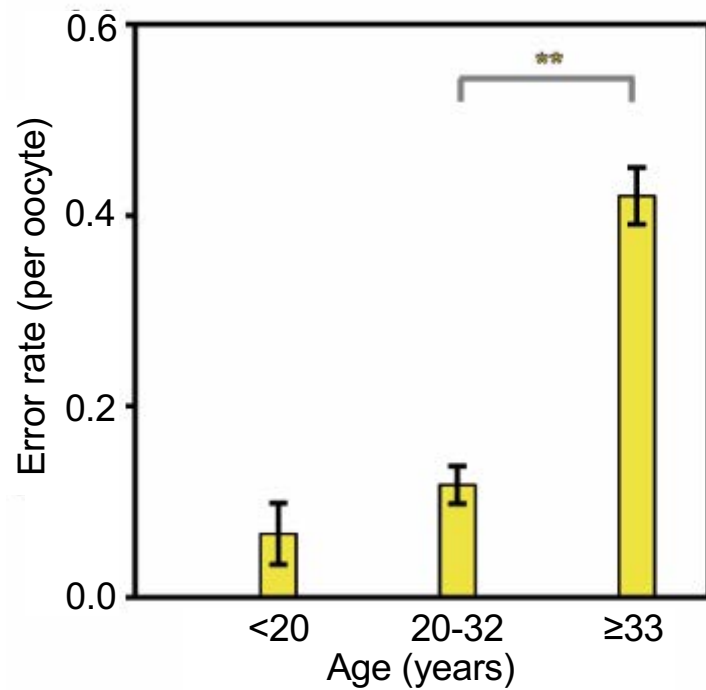
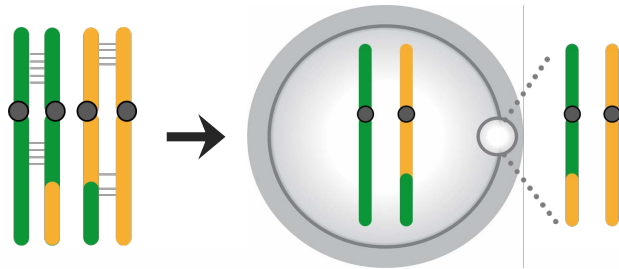
Fully inverted



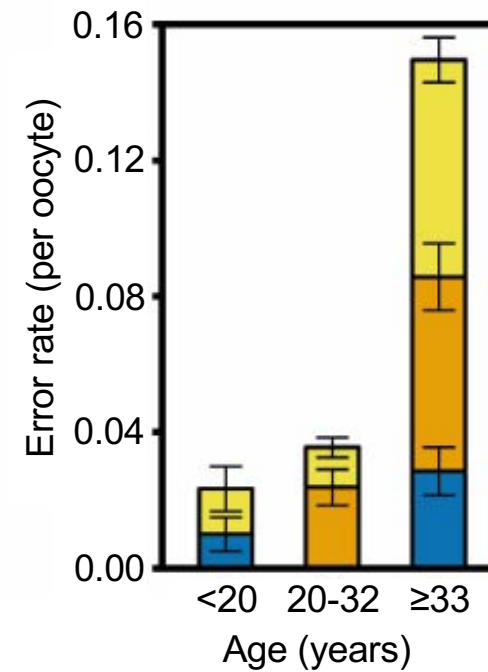
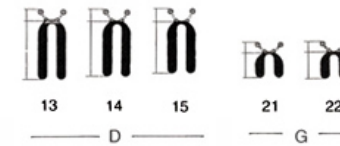
Univalents



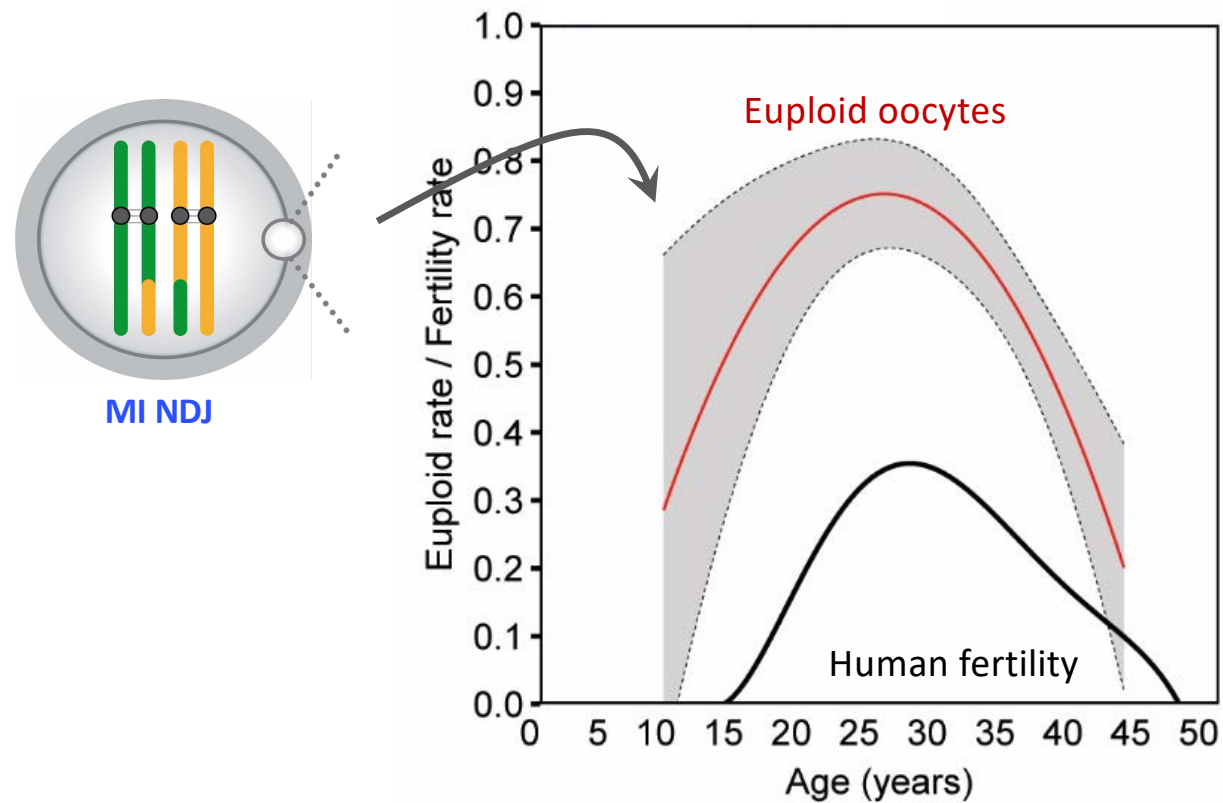
More extreme cohesion loss (centromere & arm) & Reverse Segregation: AMA



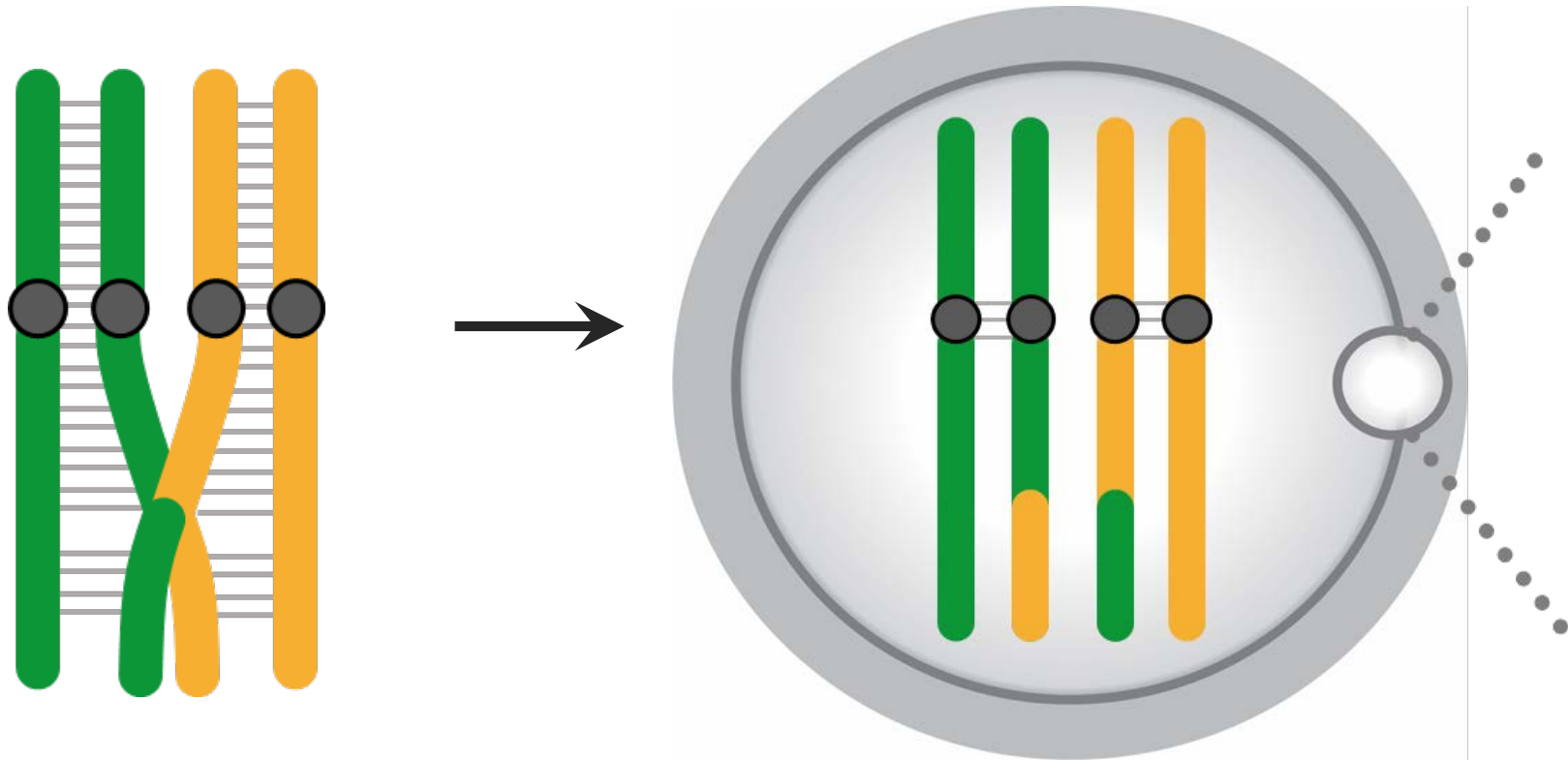
Acrocentric chromosomes



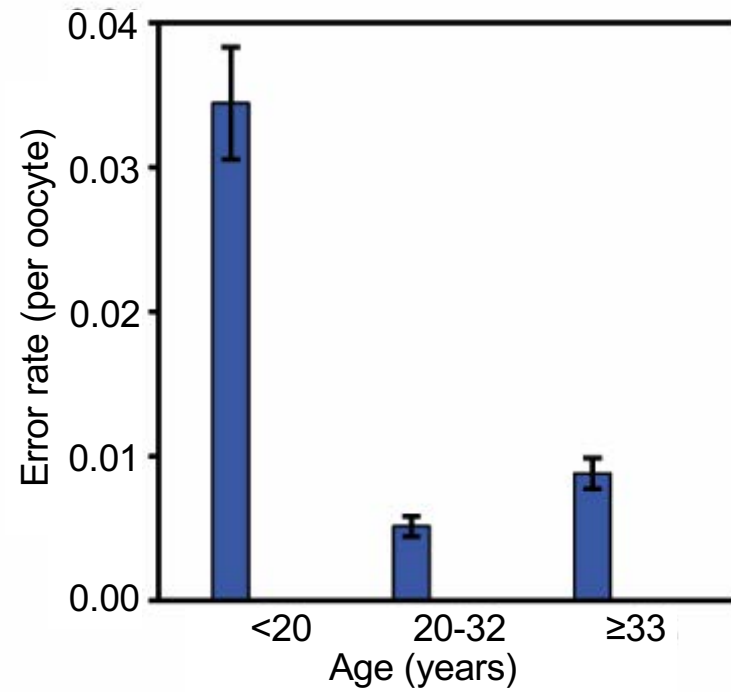
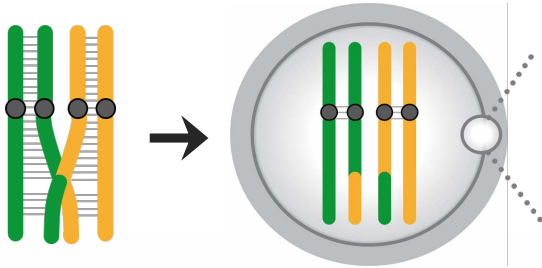
Chromosome errors in 'young' oocytes



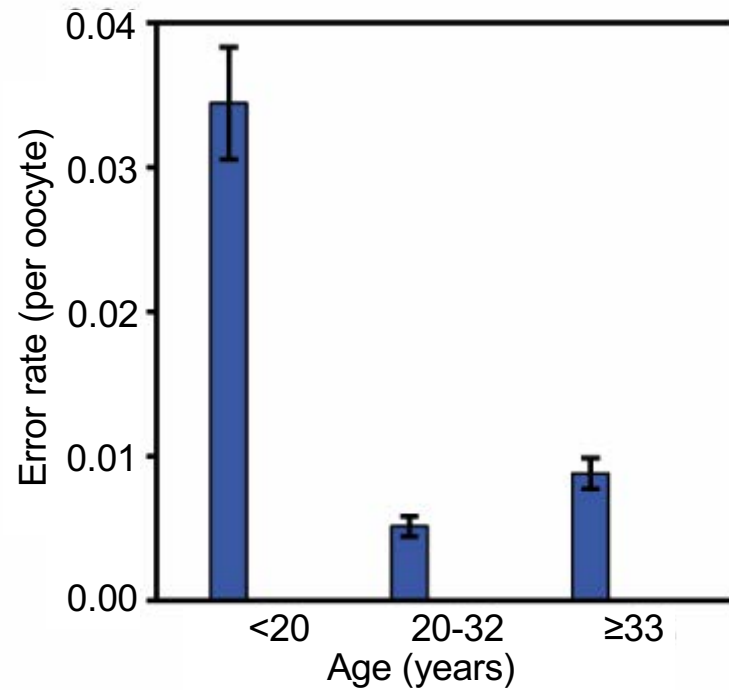
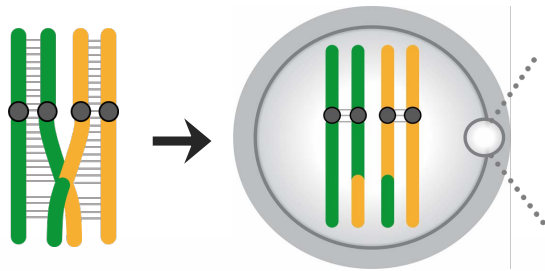
Youngest oocytes & Meiosis I non-disjunction (MI NDJ)



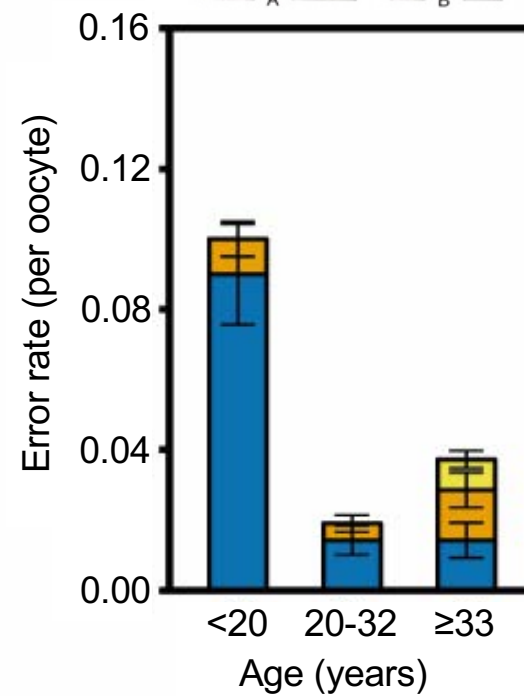
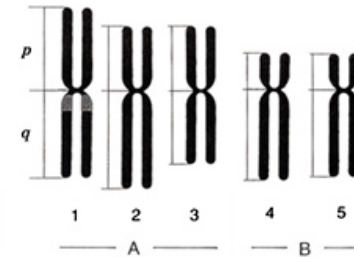
Largest chromosomes & MI NDJ: 'young'



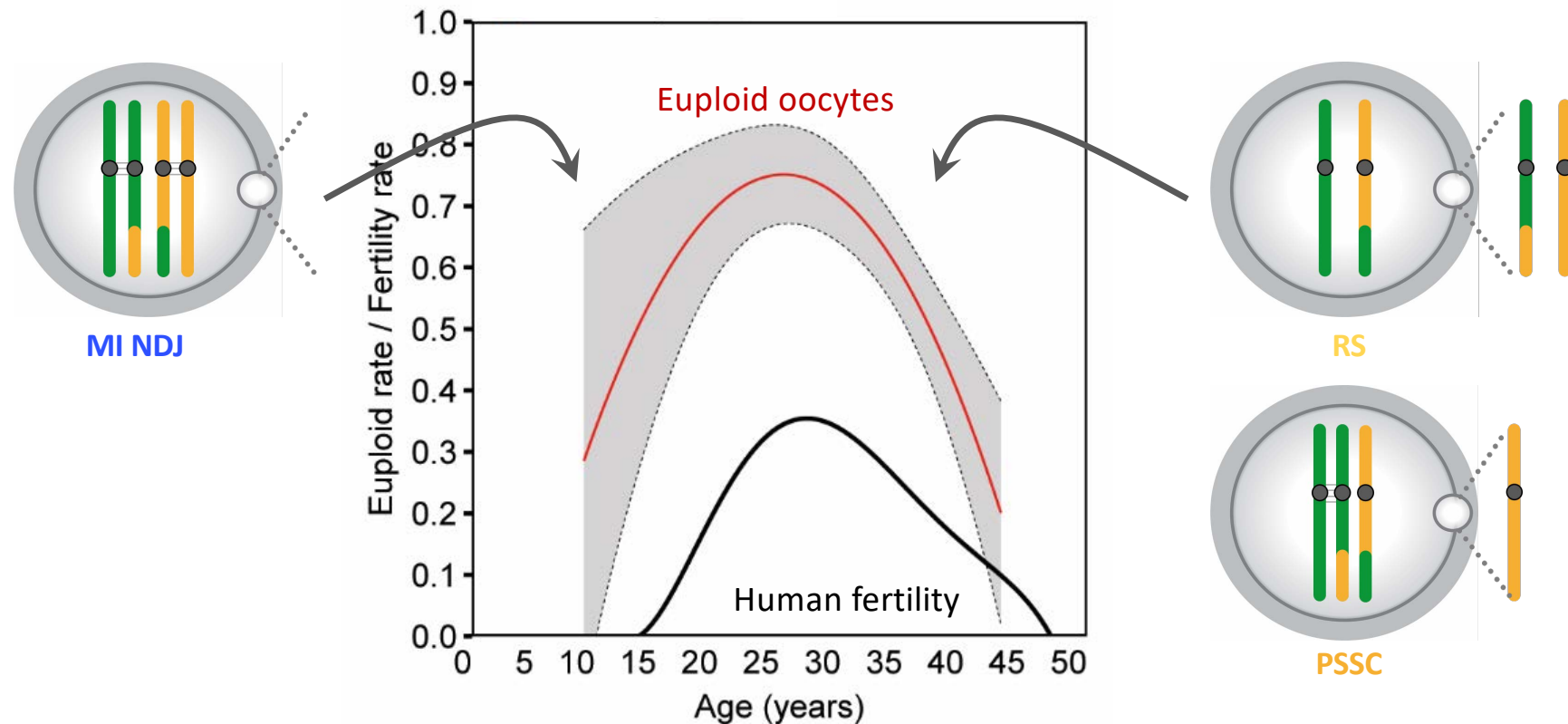
Largest chromosomes & MI NDJ: 'young'



Chromosomes 1-5



Chromosome regulated suppression of natural fertility at both ends of the female age spectrum



Thanks to all our clinical collaborators, funders, & participants



All the girls and women who participated

LRB, Rigshospitalet, DK

Claus Yding Andersen
Stine Gry Kristensen
Marjo Westerdal

INVICTA, Poland

Krzysztof Łukaszuk
Joanna Liss
Marta Krapchev

G.E.N.E.R.A, Rome, IT

Danilo Cimadomo
Laura Rienzi
Filippo Ubaldi

Capital region hospitals

Marie Louise Grøndahl
Anja Pinborg
Mette Villagde Nielsen

Max Planck Institute, DE

Melina Schuh
Agata Zeilinska

