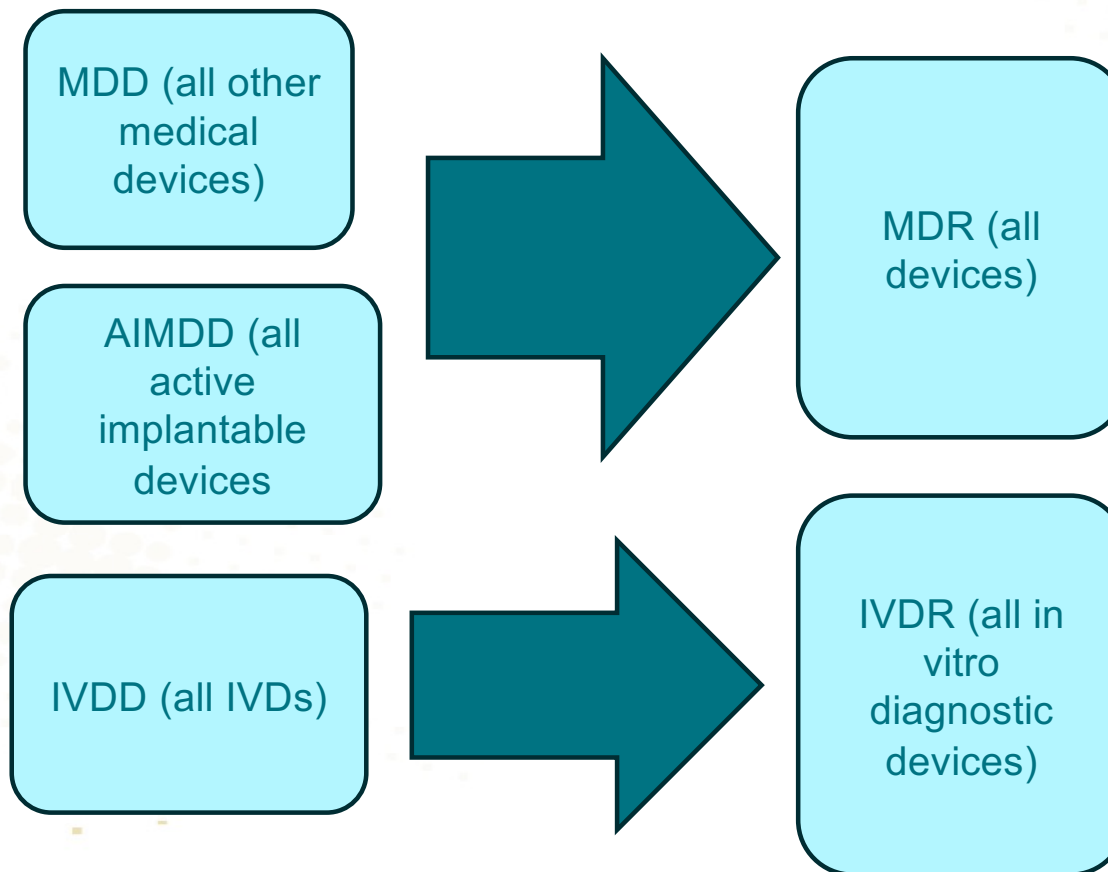




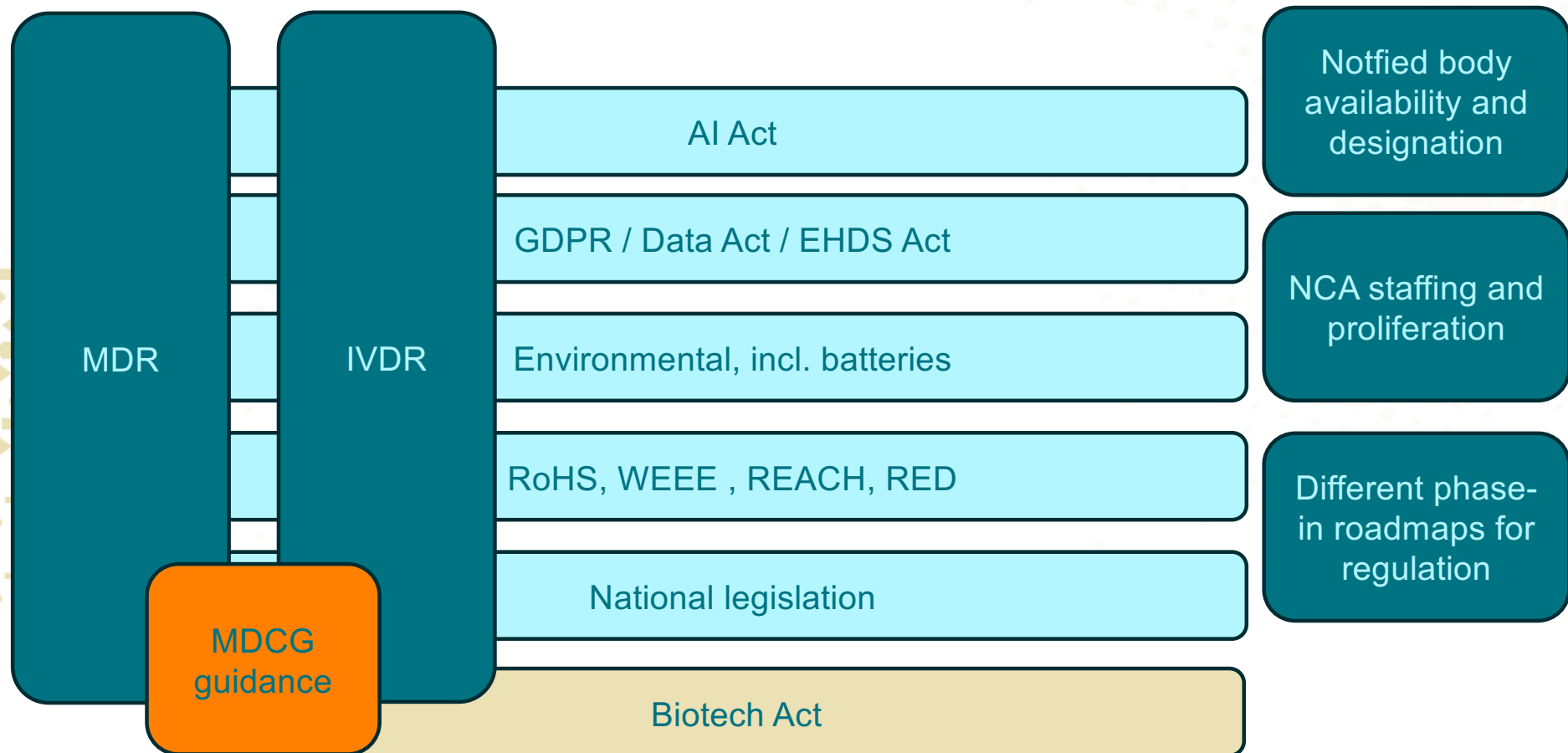
**Understanding MDR/IVDR: insights and practical
experience BIRR's regulatory journey**

MDR en IVDR



- Originally proposed in September 2012 – 5 years in legislative procedure
- MDR and IVDR in effect May 2017
- Applicable as of 2021
- Both still in complex transitional regime for devices and IVDs already approved under old directives

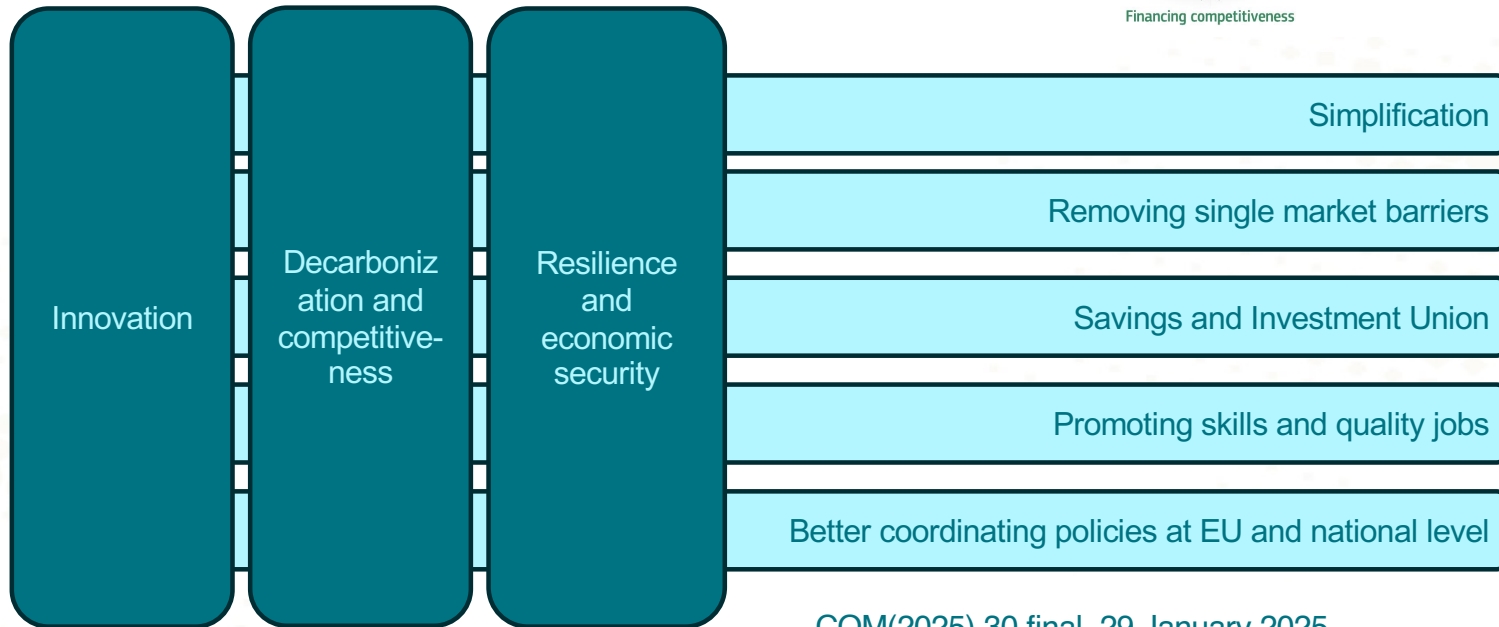
The MDR and IVDR lasagna / spaghetti



What does this mean for SMEs and health institutions?

- SMEs take longer and must invest more in obtaining CE marking
 - The more complex the device, the more horizontal regulation applies
- Health institutions must adhere to in-house produced devices rules and EU guidance, resulting in de facto CE equivalent regulatory burden and justify lack of commercial equivalent
- Use of non-compliant devices (off-label, without CE or non-compliant in-house): illegal
 - Risks for healthcare practitioner, hospital and for patient
- Regulatory slips ups with notified bodies can take considerable time to remedy
 - A full new conformity assessment may need to be followed, at considerable costs and delay
 - Different devices have different conformity assessment pathways based on risk class and characteristics
 - System is not set up to quickly correct problems
 - Notified bodies are controlled at arm's length
 - Notified bodies are not allowed to tell you what and how to do things

EU in distress: Competitiveness Compass



COM(2025) 30 final, 29 January 2025

MDR and IVDR will be revised – soon?

- 16 December revision proposal to be published by Commission
- What is interesting for reproductive medicine?
 - Class I reusable surgical instruments no longer Ir
 - Clinical data and equivalence less burdensome
 - Duration of certificates
 - Qualification and classification centrally
 - Neutral ombudsman for issues between manufacturers and notified bodies
 - More Common Specifications for specific products
 - Simplification of Eudamed
 - Better interface with AI Act

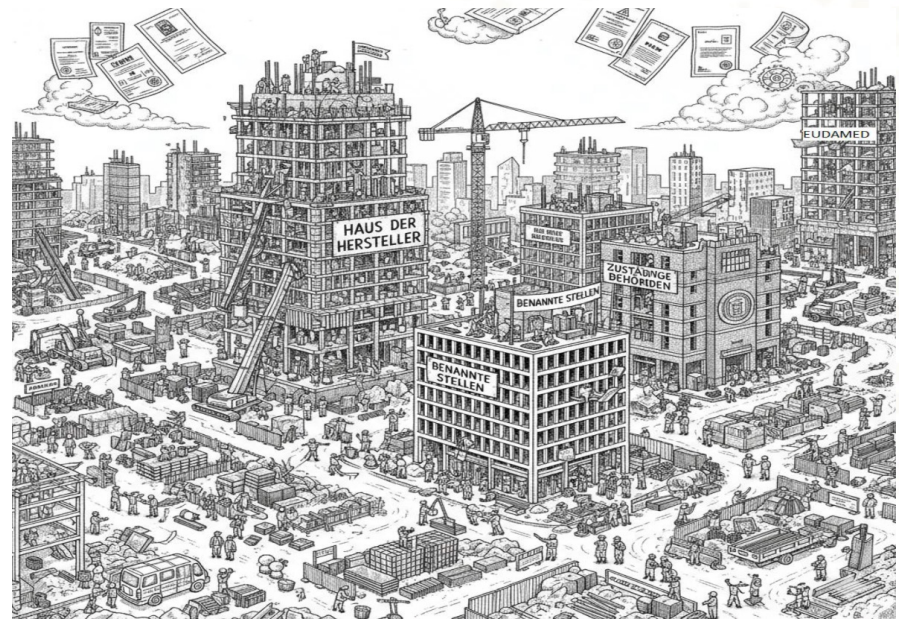


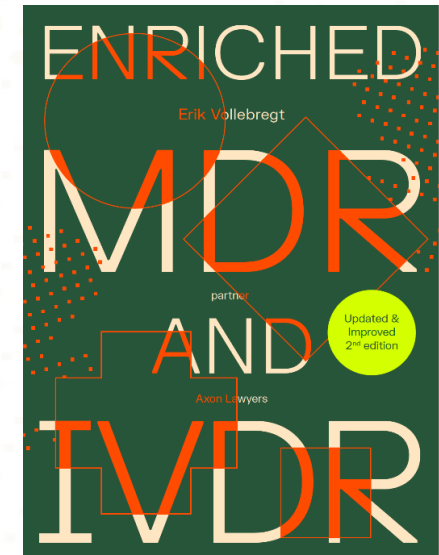
Image: Matthias Neuman, BMG

MDR and IVDR changes will follow co-decision law making procedure

- Expect the whole process to take two – three years (unclear if this includes transitional period)
- Uncertainty about Member State positions and wishes – some Member States are planning to put their mark on the end result
- Everyone wants less bureaucracy but there is considerable resistance when it comes to specifics and details



Happy end to this fairytale?



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**Van 15:00 tot 15:30 Ask me
anything bij stand BIRR**

Discussion based on ‘overheard’ statements and questions

- “MDR and IVDR allow health institutions a wide discretion for using CE marked devices for other purposes than labeled”
- “A health institution can change a medical device or IVD as it considers necessary”
- “Companies with devices under the MDD or IVDD directives do not have to do anything for the near future”

